SUBJECT: Strategic Risk Assessment

MEETING: Performance and Overview Scrutiny Committee

DATE: 3rd December 2024
DIVISIONS/WARDS AFFECTED: All

1. PURPOSE:

1.1 To provide members with an overview of the current strategic risks facing the authority.

2. RECOMMENDATIONS:

- 2.1 That members scrutinise, on an on-going basis, the risk assessment and responsibility holders to ensure that strategic risks have been appropriately identified and risk is being appropriately managed.
- 2.2 That members use the risk assessment to inform the future work programme of the committee and brief chairs of other committees where issues are of relevance to their work.

3. KEY ISSUES:

- 3.1 The strategic risk assessment ensures that:
 - Strategic risks are identified and monitored by the authority
 - Risk controls are appropriate and proportionate
 - Senior managers and elected members systematically review the strategic risks facing the authority.
- 3.2 Appendix 1 provides the latest strategic risk register for the Council. The format of the strategic risk register has been updated to assess risk in line with the updated policy, including applying risk appetite levels. The strategic risk assessment is a detailed document. Any significant changes or updates made to each risk can be found in the 'key changes' column in the summary table at the start of the full Strategic Risk Register.
- 3.3 The council continues to operate in a dynamic environment and has controls in place to assess, manage and mitigate, as far as possible, a variety of risks. The strategic risk register is a live document and is continually updated based on the latest evidence. This will include adjusting the focus, detail and risk levels of risks where necessary. Some of the significant progress made with mitigation measures for the risks in the last six months includes:
 - The development of a Medium-Term Financial Strategy which sets key principles to guide medium term financial planning and provide the link between the council's long-term policy objectives and its financial capacity (risk 2). Significant financial risk remains in year and in the medium term for which mitigating actions are being implemented.
 - The development of a People Strategy that contains activity aimed at mitigating risks to recruitment and retention (risk 4). There is immediate pressure faced within workforce planning. The measures put in place by the people strategy are assessed to support the reduction in the risk in the medium-term.
 - The development of strategies to provide the provision to meet social care needs for children requiring support in specific placements (risk 7), and adults who require care at home (risk 8,) supporting mitigation for the risks. There are continuing challenges in responding to the complexity of demand for social care support.

- Implementing a range of approaches and support to improve attendance in schools and reduce exclusions, as part of mitigating risk 9a, school attendance, and risk 9b, behaviours that challenge in schools, which have been assessed as high risks.
- The development of an RLDP deposit plan, that full Council endorsed for detailed public consultation in October 2024. This forms part of the mitigation for some risks including risk 11, climate and risk 13, housing. The risk of delays in adopting the plan is identified in risk 10.
- The development of a Climate and Nature Emergency Strategy, underpinned by four action plans, the delivery of which are an important part of the mitigation of risk 11, climate.
- The risk on the delivery of public bus services, previously risk 14, has been de-escalated from the strategic risk register as it is no longer a significant risk to the whole organisation. This risk will be monitored closely within the relevant directorate risk register, and may escalate to the strategic risk register in future, if needed.
- 3.4 Following consideration of the risk register by the committee in May 2024, the committee has identified specific strategic risks it would like to seek assurance on the mitigating actions in place to manage the risk. These are risk 2 related to the council's finances, risk 7 and risk 8 related to meeting the demand and complexity of cases in children's and adults social care respectively. The latest update on these risks is contained in the register in appendix 1.
- 3.5 Strategic risks covered by the assessment are typically risks which could significantly jeopardise the council's ability to achieve its objectives, statutory plans and/or provide operational services as planned. The risk assessment also only covers high and medium level strategic risks. Lower level or operational risks are not registered unless they are projected to escalate within the three years covered. The strategic risk assessment should continue to focus on medium term risks to service delivery. The strategic risk register will regularly evolve and adapt in line with this. The up-to-date register is accessible on the council's intranet, so members are able to utilise it at any point in the year to re-prioritise their work plans as appropriate.
- 3.6 Cabinet agreed an updated strategic risk management policy for the Council in June 2024. The council's strategic risk management policy and guidance and risk assessment helps ensure strategic risks are identified and assessed robustly, risk controls are put in place that are appropriate and proportionate, and risks are supported by effective mitigations to ensure, as far as possible, risk reduction/risk management. A period of transition in implementing the policy was agreed until April 2025 to allow the council time to strengthen arrangements in line with the revised policy.
- 3.7 An overview of the strategic risk register was presented to Governance and Audit Committee on the 28th November 2024 to fulfil the committee's role of assessing the effectiveness of the authority's risk management arrangements. The full risk register will be presented to Cabinet on 4th December. The feedback from committees will be considered in the continued update of the strategic risk register and implementation of the policy. Any key conclusions will be shared with Cabinet.

4. REASONS:

4.1 To provide timely, relevant information on strategic risks as part of the performance management framework for ensuring the authority is well run and able to contribute to achieving the Council's purpose.

5. AUTHORS:

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Appendix 1: Monmouthshire County Council Whole Authority Strategic Risk Assessment - November 2024

Monmouthshire County Council Whole Authority Strategic Risk Assessment

Ref	Potential Risk	Risk Level (score) – Pre mitigation	Risk Level (score) – Post mitigation	Key changes
Risks to re	sources			
1	Potential risk that: Financial pressures and increased complexity of demand for services, impacts on delivering all of the council's commitments in the Community and Corporate plan, leading to longer term outcomes for the county not being	2024/25 – High (12) 2025/26 – High (12) 2026/27 – High (12)	2024/25 – Medium (8) 2025/26 – Medium (8) 2026/27 – Medium (8)	The enabling strategies which support the delivery of the community and corporate plan have now been updated. These will be subject to an annual review, as outlined in each strategy, to evaluate progress and ensure they continue to support delivery of the community and
	achieved			corporate plan.
1b	Potential risk that: A small working political majority makes it harder to ensure timely and appropriate decision making which results in delays and uncertainty in some projects	2024/25 – High (12) 2025/26 – High (12) 2026/27 – High (12)	2024/25 – Medium (9) 2025/26 – Medium (9) 2026/27 – Medium (9)	A number of special meetings continue to be held to ensure decisions are scrutinised in advance of Cabinet/Council decision.
2	Potential risk that: Some services will become financially unsustainable in the short to medium term in their current form due to increasing demand and continuing financial pressures	2024/25 – High (16) 2025/26 – High (16) 2026/27 – High (16)	2024/25 – High (12) 2025/26 – High (12) 2026/27 – High (12)	The Medium-Term Financial Strategy (MTFS) was approved by Council in July 2024. As part of the development of the strategy, a delivery plan has been established, which sets out clear timescales for completion.
3	Potential risk that: The authority is unable to maintain key infrastructure and meet other identified pressures due to insufficient capital funding availability	2024/25 – High (16) 2025/26 – High (16) 2026/27 – High (16)	2024/25 – High (12) 2025/26 – High (12) 2026/27 – High (12)	The pre-mitigation risk scores for this risk have increased from 12 to 16 to reflect ongoing pressure on the capital budget.
4	Potential risk that: Increases in the number of people exiting the labour market, a UK skills shortage and wage inflation will impact recruitment, retainment and workforce planning and affect the delivery of Council services	2024/25 – High (16) 2025/26 – High (12) 2026/27 – High (12)	2024/25 – Medium (12) 2025/26 – Medium (8) 2026/27 – Medium (8)	Both the pre-and-post mitigation risk levels for this risk are decreasing in the longer term to reflect the anticipated future impact of the foundations put in place by the People Strategy, which was approved by Cabinet in June 2024.
5	Potential risk that: Loss or corruption of data due to cyber-attack or data mismanagement, which will compromise the delivery of essential council services	2024/25 – High (12) 2025/26 – High (12) 2026/27 – High (12)	2024/25 – Medium (8) 2025/26 – Medium (8) 2026/27 – Medium (8)	A range of mitigating actions continue to be undertaken to mitigate this risk.
Risks to se	rvice delivery			
6	Potential risk that: Significant harm to a child or adult may occur due to a specific failure of safeguarding arrangements	2024/25 – Medium (8) 2025/26 – Medium (8) 2026/27 – Medium (8)	2024/25 – Medium (8) 2025/26 – Medium (8) 2026/27 – Medium (8)	The most recent Annual Safeguarding Evaluation Report was presented to Council in October 2024. The report evaluates the progress of the Council's key safeguarding priorities during 2023/24, highlighting progress, identifying risks and setting out actions and priorities for 2024/25.
7	Potential risk that: Risk of harm if we are unable to meet the care and support needs of some vulnerable children due to an increase in demand and complexity of cases	2024/25 – High (12) 2025/25 – High (12) 2026/27 – High (12)	2024/25 – High (12) 2025/26 – High (12) 2026/27 – High (12)	A commissioning and placement strategy has been developed, with a specific emphasis on the development of in-county residential and support living accommodation. This is aligned with Welsh Government's ambition to eliminate profit from children's care. Two children's homes have been commissioned through partnership models, one of which was a specialised provision for children with very complex needs
8	Potential risk that: Risk of harm if we are unable to meet the care and support needs of some vulnerable adults due to an increase in demand and complexity of cases	2024/25 – High (12) 2025/26 – High (12) 2026/27 – High (12)	2024/25 – High (12) 2025/26 – High (12) 2026/27 – High (12)	Pre-mitigation risk scores have been re-assessed from 16 (high) to 12 (high). The potential risk of meeting the needs of some vulnerable adults remains high; a comprehensive strategy for commissioning homecare through increased block purchasing has been developed. Engagement with local providers to progress the strategy has commenced.
9a	Potential risk that:	2024/25 – High (12) 2025/26 – High (12) 2026/27 – High (12)	2024/25 – High (12) 2025/26 – High (12) 2026/27 – High (12)	The previous risk 9 has been divided into two related, but separate, risks to better reflect and capture the breadth of mitigating action that is underway. The Local Authority Attendance and Engagement

	Failure to return attendance figures to those seen before the pandemic,			Policy has been updated to encompass all aspects of the Engaging,
	particularly among vulnerable pupils and those eligible for free school meals, could lead to a negative impact on educational attainment			Belonging and Participating guidance issued by Welsh Government in October 2023 and will be consulted on with schools.
9b	Potential risk that:	2024/25 – High (12)	2024/25 – High (12)	The previous risk 9 has been divided into two related, but separate,
56	An increase in behaviours that challenge in schools as a result of the	2025/26 – High (12)	2025/26 – High (12)	risks to better reflect and capture the breadth of mitigating action
	continuation of trends that first emerged during the pandemic may lead to	2026/27 – High (12)	2026/27 – High (12)	that is underway. A range of action is being undertaken to mitigate
	harm to a pupil or member of staff	3 ()		this risk, including the work of the Education Support Team which has
				enabled those primary aged learners most at risk of repeat Fixed
				Term Exclusions (FTE) or of Permanent Exclusions (PEx) to receive
				support from specialist professionals, alongside the continued input
				of the Educational Psychology Service.
Risks to pol	icy priorities			
10	Potential risk that:	2024/25 – High (12)	2024/25 – High (12)	This risk has been refocused to reflect progress made in developing
	The Council does not support the Replacement Local Development Plan,	2025/26 – High (12)	2025/26 – High (12)	the replacement local development plan and the risk that this may
	leading to delays in its adoption which restricts our ability to take forward key	2026/27 – High (12)	2026/27 – High (12)	not be approved by Council following public consultation. The post-
	policy objective such as job creation, affordable housing development and the			mitigation risk level for 26/27 has increased from medium to high.
	adoption of key policies to protect the environment and tackle climate change			
11	Potential risk that:	2024/25 – High (16)	2024/25 - High (16)	The Climate and Nature Emergency Strategy was approved by Cabinet
	a) The council is unable to deliver its commitment to decarbonise its	2025/26 – High (16)	2025/26 – High (16)	in May 2024. This strategy is underpinned by four action plans to
	operations in sufficient time to achieve net zero by 2030 because our	2026/27 – High (16)	2026/27 – High (16)	better reflect the breadth of work that is taking place: Internal
	resources are not commensurate with the scale and complexity of the			decarbonisation, Biodiversity and Nature Recovery, Rivers and Oceans
	challenge			and Community climate change. Progress in implementing the
	b) The Council is unable to deliver services as a result of the increasing			strategy is regularly monitored by the Climate and Nature Emergency
	frequency of climate-related emergencies such as floods or extreme			Steering Group.
	heatwaves that increase the demand for emergency responses and can cause			
	damage to infrastructure and the closure of facilities			
12	Potential risk that:	2024/25 – High (12)	2024/25 – High (12)	In October 24, the Community Development Team, together with
	The rising cost of living tips more families into crisis requiring public service	2025/26 – High (12)	2025/26 – High (12)	partners such as Citizen's Advice, Warm Wales, local foodbanks and
	interventions which diverts resources from other policy priorities	2026/27 – High (12)	2026/27 – Medium (8)	many others, held the first in a series of events across the county to
				give support, ideas and advice to residents to help with the cost of
				living. Representatives from Benthyg library of things also attended to ensure a joined-up approach to tackling poverty interventions.
13	Potential risk that:	2024/25 – High (12)	2024/25 – Medium (8)	Rapid rehousing is facilitating increased resource into homeless
	Residents are unable to secure or retain suitable accommodation, leading to	2025/26 – High (12)	2025/26 – Medium (8)	prevention, for example through additional staffing and the
	rising homelessness and outward migration as a result of failures in the	2026/27 – High (12)	2026/27 – Medium (8)	availability of the Homeless Prevention Fund. Accommodation has
	housing market			started to be acquired for temporary accommodation use and the
				first approval has been given to re-purpose a council owned
1.4	Determinal winds the etc.	2024/25 Mardings (0)	2024/25 Mandison /6\	agricultural property.
14	Potential risk that: Increased legal challenge to council decisions and service delivery resulting in	2024/25 – Medium (9) 2025/26 – Medium (9)	2024/25 – Medium (6) 2025/26 – Medium (6)	This has been identified due to the risk of delays to council decision making as a result of legal challenges.
	delays, increased costs and reputational harm.	2025/26 – Medium (9) 2026/27 – Medium (9)	2025/26 – Medium (6) 2026/27 – Medium (6)	making as a result of legal challenges.
	acia, o, mercasca costs and reputational narm.	2020, 27 Wicalaiii (3)	2020/27 Wicdiaii (0)	

Risks to resources

Ref & Status	1	Risk	Potential Risk t	tential Risk that:									
			Financial pressu	ncial pressures and increased complexity of demand for services, impacts on delivering all of the council's commitments in the Community and Corporate plan, leading to longer term									
			outcomes for tl	tcomes for the county not being achieved.									
Risk Owner and c	abinet	Paul Matthe	ws (Chief	Strategic objective &	All	Risk category and appetite	Strategic	Terminate/treat/	Treat				
Member responsi	Member responsible Execut		and Cllr Mary Ann Scrutiny Committee			level		transfer/tolerate					
Brocklesby (Leader)					AII		Cautious						
Reason why Ident	leason why Identified												

The council has an agreed Community & Corporate Plan 2022-28 that contains six well-being objectives which focus on the longer-term future of the county and aims to address complex challenges, in line with the requirements of the Well-being of Future Generations Act. The objectives include a focus on equality, climate change, economy and skills, housing, care and support and learning. The Council is facing significant budget pressures and increasing complexity in demand for its services. The contemporary policy challenges that need to be addressed, working with communities, are complex and evolving. The immediate pressures the council is facing risks impacting on the ability and resources to deliver the longer-term objectives in the plan and meeting the requirements on the Act.

Risk Level (I	e-mitigatio	n)			Ris	sk Level (Post-mitigation	on)			
Year Likelihood In	act	Risk Level	Risk Score	Year	Likelihood	Impact	Risk Level	Risk Score		
2024/25 Likely M	jor	High	12	2024/25	Possible	Major	Medium	8		
2025/26 Likely M	jor	High	12	2025/26	Possible	Major	Medium	8		
2026/27 Likely N	jor	High	12	2026/27	Possible	Major	Medium	8		
			Mitigating A	ctions						
Mitigating Action		Responsibility Holder & Timescale	Mitigation action p							
Regularly review progress made in implementing the commitments of the community and corporate plan, ensu resource is targeted in the most pertinent areas	ig Six I	tegic Leadership Team Monthly (December 2024 e 2025)	This provides a reg and intervention in The community an an increased focus	A six-month progress report and annual self-assessment report on the delivery of the community and corporate plan is completed. This provides a regular review of progress made in implementing the commitments made in the plan and facilitates targeted activity and intervention in areas requiring further development. The community and corporate plan measurement framework has been revised and agreed by Cabinet in September. This has ensured an increased focus on outcomes in measuring progress of the plan. A dashboard is updated quarterly to track progress in meeting						
Review the progress of the Enabling Strategies which supp delivery of the community and corporate plan to ensure alignment of resources with policy priorities	Ann eacl	bling Strategy lead officer ual review timescales as n strategy, ranging from ruary – June 2025.	People Strategy, M per Digital and Data str	egies which support the edium Term Financial S	Strategy, Asset Manage bject to an annual revie	ment Strategy, Socially w, as outlined in each	n have now been upda Responsible Procurem strategy, to evaluate p			
Strengthen medium to long term strategic financial planni part of the Medium-Term Financial Plan and adapt to refleglobal uncertainty on public finances	the Reso	uty CEX/Chief Officer, ources ch 2025	for the Medium-Te form the link betw a delivery plan has Performance and C Given significant fir	The Medium-Term Financial Strategy (MTFS) was approved by Council in July 2024. This strategy provides the strategic framework for the Medium-Term Financial Plan (MTFP), and a set of key principles to guide medium term financial planning. These two toget form the link between the council's long-term policy objectives and its financial capacity. As part of the development of the strate a delivery plan has been established, which sets out clear timescales for completion; this is monitored regularly by Cabinet and Performance and Overview Scrutiny Committee. Given significant financial pressures modelled in the MTFP, a programme of change is being implemented. This is being developed part of the budget setting process. This will assess the opportunities for service change and cost reduction, whilst ensuring						
Engage with communities to understand challenges and opportunities from their perspective including participatio residents and service users	of Mar	tegic Leadership Team ch 2025 (further activity oing)	appropriate service further income ger The Council has un assessment, popul inform the develop A resident survey is analysed and used	e resilience is maintaine neration and sustained dertaken a range of ass ation needs assessment needs of Community ar s being undertaken to u	ed. Areas of considerati focus on productivity a sessment and research t, and research for the nd Corporate Plan. understand resident's v ith the community and	on include: the role of nd efficiency. to understand well-being Replacement Local Device iews on their local area corporate plan and info	ing in the county includ velopment Plan (RLDP). a and council services. I form future decision ma	ing the well-being These were used to		

	The involvement and participation of and engagement with Monmouthshire's community groups, public service partners, service
	users and residents continue to be strengthened to help further understand experiences in the County.

Ref & Status	1b	Risk	Potential Risk that:									
			A small working	political majority makes it ha	rder to ensure timely and app	propriate decision making wh	ich results in delays and unce	rtainty in some projects				
Risk Owner and cabinet		Paul Matthews (Chief		Strategic objective &	All	Risk category and appetite	Strategic, Service delivery	Terminate/treat/	Tolerate			
Member responsible		Executive) and Cllr Mary Ann		Scrutiny Committee		level	Courtieure	transfer/tolerate				
		Brocklesby (L	eader)		All		Cautious					

The local elections of May 2022 resulted in no political party having overall control of the Council. The Labour party was the largest party and formed a new cabinet without an overall majority. The lack of a majority Council has resulted in a politically unstable council, which has had a significant effect on the speed of the organisation's decision making and the ability to implement policy change. A coalition agreement has subsequently been reached between the Labour party and the Green party which provides a slim political majority of one councillor. The democratic process has seen some decisions be subject to call-in which can cause uncertainty in some projects.

	Ris	sk Level (Pre-miti	gation)		Risk Level (Post-mitigation)				
Year	Likelihood	Impact	Risk Level	Risk Score	Year	Likelihood	Impact	Risk Level	Risk Score
2024/25	Almost certain	Substantial	High	12	2024/25	Likely	Substantial	Medium	9
2025/26	5/26 Almost certain Substantial High			12	2025/26	Likely	Substantial	Medium	9
2026/27	Almost certain	Substantial	High	12	2026/27	Likely	Substantial	Medium	9
	·		<u> </u>	Mitigating A	ctions				
Mitigating Action			Responsibility Holder & Timescale	Mitigation action pr	ogress				
Undertake pre-decision	n scrutiny on relevant deci	sions	Chief Officer Law & Governan and Chief Officer People, Performance & Partnerships Ongoing	input on items that of decisions. There i	will require scrutiny. A	number of special me e timeliness of comple	etings have been held	to ensure decisions are	ent teams to seek their scrutinised in advance e time can be allocated
	ars and scrutiny workshop n the development of polic		Chief Officer Law & Governan and Chief Officer People, Performance & Partnerships Ongoing	seminars include on Scrutiny workshops	the Replacement Loca	e developments and involvement Plan (Riccouncillors' involvement Praveller needs assess	LDP) and Culture Strate	egy.	
Maintain a fully popula Council business	ited forward work planner	of Cabinet and	Chief Officer Law & Governan Ongoing	agenda of scrutiny o	ommittees to inform tl		nme. There is a need to	improve the timelines	ss of completion of the

Ref & Status	2	Risk	Potential Risk th	Risk that:								
			Some services v	ces will become financially unsustainable in the short to medium term in their current form due to increasing demand and continuing financial pressures								
Risk Owner and ca	binet	Peter Davies	(Deputy Chief	Strategic objective &	AII	Risk category and appetite	Service delivery	Terminate/treat/	Treat			
Member responsi	Member responsible		d Cllr Ben	Scrutiny Committee		level	Courtions	transfer/tolerate				
			Callard (Cabinet Member for		All		Cautious					
		Resources)										

Reason why Identified

Councils across the UK are continuing to face significant financial challenges. It is widely acknowledged that local government funding has not kept pace with increased service demand and inflationary pressures. The Council has seen continuing financial headwinds which are severely impacting the service operating environment. The Inflationary drivers impacting pay and supplies and services continue to far outstrip available resources: demand led pressures continue to increase in the areas of Homelessness, Social Care, Children's additional learning needs, and Transport; interest rates remain significantly higher than seen in previous years; the Council continues to deal with a shortage of staff resources due to ongoing labour market challenges which require the use of more costly temporary solutions; supply chain issues continue which require more costly alternative or expedited arrangements; the cost of living crisis continues to have a significant impact on our communities. This will be further exacerbated over the medium term by a weak growth forecast in the UK economy impacting on public sector spending, and by heightened interest rates that will impact housing costs. All the aforementioned results in a growing need for supportive Council services, a reduced demand for income generating services, increased risks around debt recovery, and a continued high-cost operating environment.

Current modelling predicts a continuously increasing budget deficit, despite a higher than expected increase in Welsh Government funding, with a projected cumulative shortfall of £34.7m by 2028/29. The Council has a legal duty to set a balanced budget and therefore any budget shortfalls will need to be met through a combination of pressures being mitigated, additional savings and income or reserve contributions. This will be particularly challenging set against the backdrop of an ambitious Corporate and Community Plan being implemented.

A continuation of challenges seen during the pandemic has meant that an increasing number of our schools are experiencing budget deficits. At 2022/23 year end, just 5 schools were in deficit; this increased to 16 by year-end 2023/24. This is projected to increase to 19 by year-end 2024/25, over 50% of schools.

	Ri	isk Level (Pre-mitig				Ris	k Level (Post-mitigat	ion)	
Year	Likelihood	Impact	Risk Level	Risk Score	Year	Likelihood	Impact	Risk Level	Risk Score
2024/25	Almost certain	Major	High	16	2024/25	Likely	Major	High	12
2025/26	Almost certain	Major	High	16	2025/26	Likely	Major	High	12
2026/27	Almost certain	Major	High	16	2026/27	Likely	Major	High	12
		·		Mitigating A	actions	·	·		
Mitigating Action			Responsibility Holder & Timescale	Mitigation action pr	ogress				
Ensure that services de and continue to identif Develop a set of budge Strengthen medium to part of the Medium-ter evidence and planned services.	liver within budget, delivery, review and challenge portion of the proposals for 2025/26 I proposals for 2025/26	cial planning as pased on realistic adget setting in	Deputy CEX/Chief Officer, Resources Ongoing Deputy CEX/Chief Officer, Resources March 2025 Deputy CEX/Chief Officer, Resources Ongoing	A 24/25 revenue but deficit is made up of a forecast shortfall is a forecast of new reference of the pressures sit a placements, and contain a forecast setting proceast and income a targeted freeze or the opportunity to reference of the opportunity to reference and service, part of decision makes the part of decision makes a forecast of the subject understanding where will be incorporated of consideration by the Medium-Term of the link between a delivery plan has the performance and Or the authority's budgets.	in adult's and childrential placements in adult's and childrential placements in adulterals and more completed in a complete solution of the continued inflationary and a balanced budget for a ses, a programme of been exportunities, including filling vacant posts; Beet the costs of organisation of the continued inflationary and a balanced budget for a ses, a programme of been exportunities, including filling vacant posts; Beet the costs of organisation of the costs of organisation of the continued in filling vacant posts; Beet the costs of organisation of the continued in the continued in the continued in the council of the council in the council of the counc	res of £1,334,000 that havings target of £2,055,00 of social care. Demand lt's and a shortfall in mex needs has generated creased demand for cost diministration of the transfer of core earing down on all non-instational reform from completed by December of the completed by Country and public consultated March 2025. So was approved by Country of the completed as part of six-more	nave developed since 2000. , and complexity of eeting savings target additional unbudget tly ALN placements, it ross the estate. Indamental in ensuring will be implemented. costs into grant where essential expenditurapital receipts where for 2025/26 was presudget proposals due added has a need to do nitments set in the conficers. High level preser 2024. These mandates final settlement is ved. This, alongside of ion of proposals will the table of the completion; the table of the completion	demand, continues to a shas resulted in pressured costs of over £1.1m ncreased demand for Horizon grand for Horizon gran	ncil in March 2025. ment between financial e plan forming a key lates are currently budget assumptions, s will be key to n budget assumption, nd February 2025 ahead estrategic framework for These two together epment of the strategy, y by Cabinet and
				need to seek signific Given significant pro change and cost red	cant change, particularl essures, the council wil luction, whilst ensuring	ly in areas where there I implement a programm g appropriate service res for further income gene	is consistent and sign me of change. This wi silience is maintained	ificant overspend. Ill work to assess the op . Areas of consideration	n include: the role of

		A range of further activity in also underway as part of the MTFP to strengthen medium term planning. This includes the delivery of a change and improvement plan to enable delivery of required savings; this is being developed as part of the budget setting process. Other activity includes a rollout of budget holder training to strengthen knowledge, an enhanced approach to budget modelling, the establishment of a financial risk register to ensure suitable mitigations are in place and undertake an independent financial resilience review.
Continue to work closely with schools to ensure their financial plans are as robust as possible to minimise any impact, whilst continuing to improve standards for our young people	Finance Manager – Children & Young People Ongoing	The overall level of school reserves is currently forecast to move further into deficit by £4,929,000 by the end of the 2024/25 financial year, to a collective deficit balance of £5,832,000. The legacy impact of the pandemic continues within the school environment, particularly in respect of attendance, behaviours and increased additional learning needs. This has required increased staff and specialist resources to tackle the issues presenting and increased overall costs of provision. Higher than budgeted pay awards for both teaching and non-teaching staff have also impacted upon budgets.
		It is currently anticipated that nineteen of the Council's thirty-four schools will be in a deficit balance by the year-end. All schools that are budgeting to register a deficit balance at the end of the 2024/25 financial year are required to bring forward budget recovery plans. These recovery plans will be confirmed with both the Local Education Authority, each School's Governing Body and, in some cases, the plans will need to be agreed by the relevant Cabinet Member. All recovery plans are expected to be received by October Half Term. Close monitoring and support will be given to these schools, as well as those at risk of entering a deficit position over the medium term, to ensure that the proposed actions to address medium term budget challenges are instigated.

Ref & Stat	tus	3	Risk P	otential Risk th	ential Risk that:								
			Т	The authority is	authority is unable to maintain key infrastructure and meet other identified pressures due to insufficient capital funding availability								
Risk Owner and cabinet Peter Davies (Deput			Deputy Chief	Strategic objective &	All	Risk category and appetite	Service delivery	Terminate/treat/	Treat				
Member r	responsib	ole	Executive) and Cllr Ben		Scrutiny Committee		level	Continue	transfer/tolerate				
	Calla		Callard (Cabine	llard (Cabinet Member for		Performance and Overview		Cautious					
Resources)						Scrutiny Committee							

Underlying the Capital Strategy is the recognition that the financial resources available to meet council priorities are constrained by the level of one-off reserves and capital receipts that the Council holds and the level of capital grant funding from Welsh Government and other funding bodies, and the extent to which the Council is able to entertain further prudential borrowing. The core capital programme has been impacted in recent years in order to enable the Band A new schools programme to be funded, which has now successfully concluded. Subsequent to a Council decision having been secured the 3-19 school in Abergavenny has progressed into contract and is in its construction phase, supported under the Welsh Government Band B programme.

There remain a considerable number of pressures that sit outside any potential to fund them within the Capital MTFP, and this has significant risk associated with it. These include property and highways infrastructure, DDA work, and public rights of way. In addition to this, there are various schemes/proposals (e.g. Monlife, tranche C Future schools, climate emergency response, any enhanced DFG spending etc.) that could also have a capital consequence, but in advance of quantifying those or having Member consideration of these items, they are also excluded from current capital MTFP. In the event of emergency pressures, resources will have to be diverted. Projects, such as the Cardiff Capital Region City Deal, also require significant capital investment to realise the outcomes.

The timing of capital receipts always remains uncertain due to market conditions. Future investment in capital schemes is in part dependent on future success of achieving capital receipts and there are risks attached to some receipts materialising. There is a risk associated with relying on the use of capital receipts in the same year that they come into the council and the potential for this to have significant revenue pressures should receipts be delayed and temporary borrowing be required. Significant further capital receipts are now not forecast and until such time as the outcome of the Replacement Local Development Plan is known and for which the Council has put forward a number of strategic sites in its ownership.

	Ri	sk Level (Pre-mitigation	on)			Ris	k Level (Post-mitigation	on)	
Year	Likelihood	Impact	Risk Level	Risk Score	Year	Likelihood	Impact	Risk Level	Risk Score
2024/25	Almost certain	Major	High	16	2024/25	Likely	Major	High	12
2025/26	Almost certain	Major	High	16	2025/26	Likely	Major	High	12
2026/27	Almost certain	Major	High	16	2026/27	Likely	Major	High	12
				Mitigating A	ctions				
Mitigating Action			Responsibility Holder & Timescale	Mitigation action pro	ogress				
·	ptions as part of the capi ormation that is relevant a n the revenue MTFP	and the Res	outy CEX/Chief Officer, ources going	2029 will be reviewe	ed and reconsidered du urately reflected in the	ed as part of the develor rring the 2025/26 budge revenue budget and th	etary process to ensure	e that the revenue imp	lications of capital

		Whilst the core capital programme is being sustained, and sees planned investment in the Council's infrastructure, there still remains a considerable number of backlog pressures that sit outside the core capital programme given the affordability and funding constraints facing the Council. This will continue to have varying levels of risk associated with it and will have to be managed and mitigated. Schemes already included in the indicative programme will be reviewed in respect of timing and their continued alignment to strategic objectives. Schemes that are not time critical may be deferred to focus capacity on the delivery of priority schemes, or to allow capital receipts to be released to aid in meeting wider Council service redesign. The value of Capital receipts is forecast to decrease significantly between 2024/25 and 2028/29. This is reflective of the replacement local development plan (RDLP) not proceeding as quickly as envisaged in the original delivery agreement. This will have a substantial impact on the balance of receipts available to fund future capital investment demands. It is therefore important that reliance on capital receipts used to support capitalisation direction (to fund one-off revenue costs eligible to be met from capital resources) is seen as a short-term measure only. The Council has strengthened its scrutiny and challenge of the Capital Programme through the establishment of Capital and Asset Management working groups. The respective working groups look to ensure that projects are prudent, affordable and will deliver tangible benefits to core policy objectives over the long term.
Review and refresh the council's Capital Strategy	Deputy CEX/Chief Officer, Resources March 2025	The Council's Capital Strategy outlines how the Authority makes and manages capital investment decisions that support its corporate objectives. It also provides a framework that the Council can rely on to develop a clear, consistent, and informed process to make investment decisions. The Council faces more demand for capital spending than it can afford, and therefore it has to prioritise projects, leverage other sources of funding, work with partners, and keep capital investment within affordable limits. The Capital strategy will be refreshed and brought alongside final budget proposals to Council in March 2025.
Continue to monitor the Capital budget	Deputy CEX/Chief Officer, Resources Ongoing	The 2023/24 capital expenditure at outturn totalled over £65m, with a net over spend of £485k. This is primarily due to meeting costs under capitalisation within the revenue budget. This overspend was offset by a lower than anticipated volume of vehicle replacements. A total of 107 capital schemes require slippage into 2024/25 totalling £28,605,000, representing 30% of the total budget for the year. The economic environment during 2023/24 continued to have a significant impact on the overall capital programme with cost inflation and supply chain issues continuing to present a challenge to project delivery. The large number of schemes requiring slippage does however still point to more underlying issues in project planning, unrealistic profiling of budgets, and a lack of resourcing to manage the volume of schemes being planned. Finance teams will need to continue to work with budget holders to assess if any further amendment to project delivery plans are required given the impact that capital expenditure progress can have on the profiling of capital financing costs. Capital receipts are projected to be in surplus for the medium-term. Whilst the current balance is healthy, there remains a need for caution over committing any further receipts to either capital investment or increasing the level of capitalisation direction given the level of currently unbanked receipts contained within the forward projections.
Further refinement of priority assessments in the property and infrastructure budgets to ensure all pressures have been considered and ranked.	Head of Landlord Services Ongoing	A regular programme of property condition surveys is underway, supported by routine compliance checks for all assets. This information as well as technical input from MCC's Landlord Services team, will continue to be used to inform prioritisation of planned capital maintenance spend. A programme of Health and safety surveys is currently being commissioned. Independent condition assessments of key highways infrastructure are completed as required depending on condition. These inform prioritisation of available capital budget. A review of the pressures and associated risks is being undertaken to inform the capital budget process. A previous review in 20/21 had concluded that further feasibility studies and technical assessments needed to be undertaken on specific infrastructure assets, funded from existing highways infrastructure capital budgets. The results of these studies and assessments will inform the capital MTFP and pressures that will need to be accommodated and funded therein in future financial years The Capital Working Groups and Asset Management Working Groups will contribute to decisions on the capital spend and MTFP.
Deliver the Asset Management Plan to manage the Council's land and property portfolio	Head of Landlord Services Ongoing	The Asset Management Strategy has been adopted, introducing clearer alignment to the Community & Corporate Plan and establishing key principles which will inform strategic decision making for the council's land and property portfolio. The Asset Management Strategy is delivered via the associated Asset Management Plan, which is subject to regular monitoring and progress reporting.
Help sustain Council Services and enhance the asset base by investing in commercial property assets in order to increase the	Head of Landlord Services Ongoing	The Asset Management Strategy commits to maximising and commercialising assets wherever possible, including achieving income generation or revenue enhancement where opportunities are identified to do so. The core principle is achieved with acknowledgement of the council's policy objectives and ambition to achieve both financial and social returns.

net rental income stream for the Council in line with the Asset	
Management Strategy	The performance of the council's commercial and investment portfolios are reported to Performance & Overview committee on six
	monthly cycles. The updates provided include an acknowledgement of the performance of the assets, their capital value and risk,
	market information and transaction updates. Officers provided recommendations and updates in accordance with the revised
	financial performance terms, as outlined in the Asset Management Strategy.

Re	ef & Status	4	Risk	Potential risk th	rential risk that:								
				Increases in the	number of people exiting the	labour market, a UK skills sh	ortage and wage inflation will	impact recruitment, particula	arly for posts that require spec	cific skills or qualifications,			
				retention and w	ntion and workforce planning and affect the delivery of Council services								
Ris	sk Owner and ca	binet	Matthew Gat	tehouse (Chief	Strategic objective &	All	Risk category and appetite	Service delivery, Governance	Terminate/treat/	Treat			
M	ember responsib	ole	Officer People	le, Performance	Scrutiny Committee		level		transfer/tolerate				
			& Partnership	ps) and Cllr Ben		Performance and Overview		Minimalist					
			Callard (Cabir	net Member for		Scrutiny Committee							
	Resources)												

Risk Level (Pre-mitigation)

There is a global skills shortage, and the impact is being felt in several sectors that Monmouthshire County Council is either a part of or competes with for talent. Some services have identified challenges with recruitment; Social Care, Operations and Facilities are all facing difficulties, which is affecting service provision.

Risk Level (Post-mitigation)

There is a continuing risk that staff well-being could be in impacted by a range of factors from work related pressures, such as: staff in some areas facing considerably increased workloads to meet increasing demand and personal home-based factors such as financial strains due to the increased cost of living.

Year	Likelihood	Impact	Risk Level	Risk Score	Year	Likelihood	Impact	Risk Level	Risk Score			
2024/25	Almost certain	Major	High	16	2024/25	Likely	Major	High	12			
2025/26	Likely	Major	High	12	2025/26	Possible	Major	Medium	8			
2026/27	Likely	Major	High	12	2026/27	Possible	Major	Medium	8			
				Mitigating A	ctions							
Mitigating Action			Responsibility Holder & Timescale	Mitigation action pr	Mitigation action progress							
Recruit and retain staff	more effectively	Care, Operations an for the national recr The People Strategy recruitment and retralent acquisition pr different social med A new work experie creating a new pipel networking and shared.	d Facilities, for example uitment issues do not so was approved by Cabin ention. An e-recruitme ocess. This will benefit ia channels to reach approved and apprentices' point of talent. The Leading ideas.	e, have seen reduction sit solely with local aut net in June 2024 and cent system is being imprecruiting managers woplicants. olicy has been developers Q&A sessions are egroups and are colla	ontains a specific object olemented to support the who want speed, simplicated and will seek to increase and will seek to increase and will seek to increase and with partner	tive, and actions, aimed the development of recreity and agility. The HR to be the number of appretween service areas to organisations to identice	d at improving uitment as a genuine team are also utilising prentice positions, to promote					
Develop the support me	echanisms to support sta	~	ad of Organisation Workforvelopment	rce Staff well-being is affected by a range of factors, including additional work pressure and demand, personal factors and societal factors.								
Ongoing				Supporting the health and well-being of our colleagues is a key objective of the People Strategy. The use of networks and communication digitally, surveys and feedback loops to senior managers, has extended the reach of contact with the workforce. This has also created the conditions for a wider system of self-supportive networks sharing practice, ideas and support. An audit has been undertaken of our wellbeing offer and location of access allowing for consolidation and ease of access for all								
				l l		_	UK funded by Welsh Go					

	l e	psychological and occupational therapy. We are also assessing options for providing support and guidance to colleagues in relation to financial wellbeing.
		The Digital 'Cwtch' continues, although less frequently, along with a People Leaders Q&A session. The people services team has developed a People Leaders Support Site which enables 'live' discussion/news feed, enabling direct support and a shared learning platform for managers and head-teachers.
Embed workforce planning to ensure the right skills, expertise and knowledge are available for future changes		The new People Strategy has created a clear commitment to embed workforce planning across the organisation. This is aimed at addressing shortages and ensure career pathways are in place. New arrangements within the HR team will ensure that HR business
		partners can continue to play an active role in strategic discussions at Directorate Management Teams to ensure effective workforce planning.
		The People Strategy was approved by Cabinet in June 2024 and contains a clear commitment to ensuring we can retain the best people. Action includes promoting career development opportunities to ensure that we keep talent in local government. A new work experience and apprentice policy has been developed to create a new pipeline of people being recruited and trained to supply the workforce of the future.
		The development and retention of existing staff is an essential component of workforce planning. A learning management system (Thinqi) has now been rolled out to all staff; this provides a centralised training and development area for officers, and includes a host of learning resources for staff as well as the opportunity to book face to face and digital/online training.
Adopt a qualitative approach to ensuring professional	Head of Organisation Workforce	The colleague appraisal scheme has been redesigned to allow all colleagues to engage in performance discussions with their line
development, wellbeing and information flow is taking place for those that want or need it	Development	manager. This process facilitates both a training needs and skills analysis.
		A Leader/Manager Developmental Pathway has been created and due to be launched in December 2024. This pathway will comprise of a number of modules including meaningful staff/line manager engagement and communication. Colleagues need to be given the 'right' to seek meaningful 1-1s on a regular basis, and there needs to be a focus on improving the skills of line managers to enable a variety of different approaches to the process so that performance development is realistically achieved.
		Both the Colleague Survey and People Q&As provide feedback loops to ensure colleagues requirements are being met.

Ref & Status	5	Risk	Potential Risk tl	tential Risk that:								
			Loss or corrupti	r corruption of data due to cyber-attack or data mismanagement, which will compromise the delivery of essential council services								
Risk Owner and ca	binet	Sian Hayward	d (Head of	Strategic objective &	AII	Risk category and appetite	Information Governance,	Terminate/treat/	Tolerate			
Member responsi	Member responsible		Technology &	Scrutiny Committee		level	Service delivery	transfer/tolerate				
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Cllr Ben Callard		Governance and Audit							
			nber for		Committee	Y	Averse					
Resources)												
D	• • • • • •											

There have been a number of high-profile cases across both public and private organisations where cyber-attacks and data breaches have compromised service delivery and financial loss. These attacks occur due to insecure infrastructure or staff who are not cyber literate and may inadvertently introduce attacks through their personal actions. Cyber security can also be compromised through a lack of structured governance arrangements, risk assessments and planning.

Digital working has increased in recent years bringing an increase in the potential for loss of data through cyber incidents

Digital Working has incr	Digital working has increased in recent years bringing an increase in the potential for loss of data through cyber incidents.											
Risk Level (Pre-mitigation)					Risk Level (Post-mitigation)							
Year	Likelihood	Impact	Risk Level	Risk Score	Year	Likelihood	Impact	Risk Level	Risk Score			
2024/25	Likely	Major	High	12	2024/25	Possible	Major	Medium	8			
2025/26	Likely	Major	High	12	2025/26	Possible	Major	Medium	8			
2026/27	Likely	Major	High	12	2026/27	Possible	Major	Medium	8			
				Mitigating A	ctions							
Mitigating Action Responsibility Holder & Mitigation action progress												
			Timescale									

Ensure robust arrangements are in place to safeguard the organisation's data and systems from cyber-attack	Cyber security service	The Council recognises that total elimination of cyber-attack is not possible, but we will ensure robust arrangements are in place to safeguard data and systems from cyber-attack via: Physical barriers to the network, staff awareness, training and culture and
	Ongoing	structured governance, risk analysis and business continuity planning.
		Significant investments in ICT infrastructure and software have been undertaken, which will mitigate against the likelihood of a cyberattack.
		An operational risk register, which is exempt from publication under the Data Protection Act, is maintained by the Information Security Team, the SRS Security Team and MCC.
		A cyber security report was taken to Governance and Audit Committee in February 2024 to provide assurance to the committee that the arrangements in place are robust.

Risks to service delivery

,	Risk Potential Risk th	sk Potential Risk that:									
	Significant harm	Significant harm to a child or adult may occur due to a specific failure of safeguarding arrangements									
oinet	Jane Rodgers (Chief Officer	Strategic objective &	A Connected Place Where	Risk category and appetite	Safeguarding	Terminate/treat/	Tolerate				
le	Social Care, Safeguarding &	Scrutiny Committee	People Care	level		transfer/tolerate					
	Health) & Will Mclean (Chief				Averse						
	Officer Children & Young		People Scrutiny Committee								
	people), and Cllr lan										
	Chandler (Cabinet Member										
	for Social Care, Safeguarding										
and Accessible Health											
	Services)										
	inet	Significant harm Jane Rodgers (Chief Officer Social Care, Safeguarding & Health) & Will Mclean (Chief Officer Children & Young people), and ClIr Ian Chandler (Cabinet Member for Social Care, Safeguarding and Accessible Health	Significant harm to a child or adult may occur inet Jane Rodgers (Chief Officer Social Care, Safeguarding & Health) & Will Mclean (Chief Officer Children & Young people), and ClIr Ian Chandler (Cabinet Member for Social Care, Safeguarding and Accessible Health	Significant harm to a child or adult may occur due to a specific failure of satisfies. Jane Rodgers (Chief Officer Social Care, Safeguarding & Health) & Will Mclean (Chief Officer Children & Young people), and ClIr Ian Chandler (Cabinet Member for Social Care, Safeguarding and Accessible Health Strategic objective & A Connected Place Where People Care People Care People Scrutiny Committee	Significant harm to a child or adult may occur due to a specific failure of safeguarding arrangements Jane Rodgers (Chief Officer Social Care, Safeguarding & Health) & Will Mclean (Chief Officer Children & Young people), and Cllr lan Chandler (Cabinet Member for Social Care, Safeguarding and Accessible Health) Strategic objective & A Connected Place Where People Care People Care People Scrutiny Committee	Significant harm to a child or adult may occur due to a specific failure of safeguarding arrangements Jane Rodgers (Chief Officer Social Care, Safeguarding & Health) & Will Mclean (Chief Officer Children & Young people), and ClIr Ian Chandler (Cabinet Member for Social Care, Safeguarding and Accessible Health Significant harm to a child or adult may occur due to a specific failure of safeguarding arrangements A Connected Place Where People Care People Care People Scrutiny Committee People Scrutiny Committee	Significant harm to a child or adult may occur due to a specific failure of safeguarding arrangements Significant harm to a child or adult may occur due to a specific failure of safeguarding arrangements Significant harm to a child or adult may occur due to a specific failure of safeguarding arrangements A Connected Place Where People Care Safeguarding Averse People Care People Scrutiny Committee People Scrutiny Committee				

Reason why Identified

The Council and its partners must maintain a consistent focus on safeguarding vulnerable people in order to both prevent and reduce the likelihood of harm, and to respond effectively to reduce risks if harm occurs.

The consequences of the pandemic and the current economic and social pressures on families generates pressure within the social care and health system with more complex presentations and increased vulnerability within communities. This demand pressure, alongside ongoing social care workforce recruitment challenges, impacts on the council's ability to protect children and adults who are at risk.

Care Inspectorate Wales (CIW) continue to inspect and conduct assurance checks of our services. Recent reviews include a CIW Performance Evaluation Inspection of Adults social services undertaken in July 2022, and a Performance Evaluation inspection in Children services in February 2024. All recommended areas of improvement have been recognised by the council and inspection action plans are in place

Lvaluation inspection in	ration inspection in Children services in February 2024. All recommended areas of improvement have been recognised by the council and inspection action plans are in place														
	R	isk Level (Pre-mitig	gation)		Risk Level (Post-mitigation)										
Year	Likelihood	Impact	Risk Level	Risk Score	Year	Likelihood	Impact	Risk Level	Risk Score						
2024/25	Possible	Major	Medium	8	2024/25	Possible	Major	Medium	8						
2025/26	Possible	Major	Medium	8	2025/26	Possible	Major	Medium	8						
2026/27	Possible	Major	Medium	8	2026/27	Possible	Major	Medium	8						
Mitigating Actions															
Mitigating Action			Responsibility Holder &	Mitigation action pro	ogress										
			Timescale												
Continually monitor an	nd evaluate safeguarding	processes and	Safeguarding & quality	Progress against the	Progress against the council's safeguarding priorities is evaluated annually and the priorities reflect the cornerstones for keeping										
practice and ensure god	od accountability for safe	guarding. Ensure	assurance service manager	people safe in Monmouthshire, as set out in the Corporate Safeguarding Policy.											
that where actions are	identified from self-evalu	uation processes	Ongoing, Annual Evaluation –												
that these are impleme	ented.		September 2025	The most recent Annual Safeguarding Evaluation Report was presented to Council in October 2024. The report evaluates the progress											
				of the Council's key	safeguarding priorities	during 2023/24, highliq	ghting progress, identi	fying risks and setting o	ut actions and						
				priorities for 2023/2	4. The report evaluates	s the cornerstones of sa	afeguarding in Monmo	outhshire - 3 areas of sa	feguarding						
				arrangements are as	ssessed as Level 5 Very	Good- and 2 areas as	Level 4 – Good. This ev	aluation report forms a	n integral part of the						
				improvement of safeguarding practice across the Council and drives the work of the Whole Authority Safeguarding Group.											
Drive the strategic ager	nda and the associated pr	rogramme of	Chief Officer, Social Care, Hea	th The Whole Authority	y Safeguarding Group [WASG] has continued to	to meet bi-monthly on	a digital platform. The	group ensures that						
	ing through the Whole A	-	& Safeguarding		corporate Safeguarding has oversight at a senior level, with membership from each directorate lead. These meetings identify										
Safeguarding Group (W	ASG).	-	_	safeguarding concer	ns and themes; share k	knowledge around safe	guarding issues and, w	here required, promot	safeguarding concerns and themes; share knowledge around safeguarding issues and, where required, promote a strategic and						

	Ongoing, Annual Evaluation –	coordinated approach. A Core Data set has been agreed by WASG. Moving forward, this should provide increased opportunity to
	September 2025	inform WASG members of safeguarding performance at a whole authority level.
		Despite resource pressures across directorates and capacity issues within the Safeguarding Unit, safeguarding has remained a priority for the Council with key strengths within directorates and across council relationships. The SAFE (Safeguarding Assessment Framework for Evaluation) process has continued to roll out across directorates and reviews have taken place in a timely manner. The Safeguarding Unit continues to be available to offer support and advice as well as being the conduit for new and developing safeguarding policy and guidance from the Regional Safeguarding Board. Issues raised within the previous SAFE assessment led to the strengthening of support in the safe recruitment process, specifically in risk management following DBS certifications.
As a statutory partner of the regional safeguarding boards, continue to work with other statutory partners to ensure that there are effective multi-agency safeguarding arrangements, that they are working well, share learning and implement any	& Safeguarding	There continues to be full representation at all levels of the work of the regional safeguarding board. There is strong engagement in regional approaches to addressing the risks of sexual and criminal exploitation of children; Modern Day Slavery; Violence Against Women Domestic Abuse; Sexual Violence (VAWDASV); and Contest (PREVENT anti radicalisation).
recommendations.		The priorities set in in the regional board's annual plan are reflected in the priority work of the Council's Safeguarding Unit. The Whole Authority Safeguarding Group continues to receive, review, and implement developments in safeguarding flowing from regional and national policy. The Council's safeguarding unit supports quarterly safeguarding learning networks to share learning and developments in safeguarding across agencies.
		The Monmouthshire Exploitation Group (MEG) has been implemented, with representation from the Safeguarding Unit, Public Protection, Partnerships, Police, Gwent Missing Children's Team, Education and community-based teams. This group has overseen the development of a Monmouthshire Protocol for responding to Modern Day Slavery and Exploitation.

Ref & Status	7	Risk Pot	otential Risk that:									
		Risl	k of harm if v	of harm if we are unable to meet the care and support needs of some vulnerable children due to an increase in demand and complexity of cases								
Risk Owner and c	abinet	Jane Rodgers (Ch	hief Officer	Strategic objective &	A Connected Place Where	Risk category and appetite	Safeguarding	Terminate/treat/	Treat			
Member respons	ible	Social Care, Safe	guarding &	Scrutiny Committee	People Care	level		transfer/tolerate				
		Health) and Cllr I	Ian Chandler				Averse					
		(Cabinet Membe	er for Social		People Scrutiny Committee							
		Care, Safeguardi	ing and									
		Accessible Healtl	h Services)									
Bosson why Idon	r:t: a d											

The number of contacts into the 'front-door' of children's services has increased by 21% to 7071 in 2023/24. The council is supporting 205 children who are looked after (September 2024). The number has stabilised in recent years, although it remains higher than the average number of children who are looked after across Wales. The number of unaccompanied asylum-seeking children (UASC) being looked after by the local authority is currently 12.

The 2024/25 budget for Children's Services is forecast to overspend by £1.1 million at Month 4. This is mainly as a result of increased demand for very high-cost placements for children who are looked after. The workforce position within children's services also remains challenging, with reliance on agency workers which can affect continuity of social work relationships for children.

There is an insufficiency of placements for children who are looked after at a local, regional and national level, particularly those with complex needs or disabilities. Because of this, there is a risk that we may need to place children in unregistered provision in emergency situations. Instability within the placement provider market is being exacerbated by the Welsh Government's policy commitment to eliminate profit from the care of looked after children. This creates an on-going risk for the council that is difficult to fully mitigate at present.

8 8	Not the education that is a	, ,			Disk to and (Don't militarian)						
	K	isk Level (Pre-mitiga	ation)		Risk Level (Post-mitigation)						
Year	Likelihood	Impact	Risk Level	Risk Score	Year	Likelihood	Impact	Risk Level	Risk Score		
2024/25	Likely	Major	High	12	2024/25	Likely	Major	High	12		
2025/26	Likely	Major	High	12	2025/26	Likely	Major	High	12		
2026/27	Likely	Major	High	12	2026/27	Likely	Major	High	12		
				Mitigating A	ctions						
Mitigating Action			Responsibility Holder &	Mitigation action pr	Mitigation action progress						
			Timescale								
Continue to strengther	n the preventative offer to	support children	lead of Children's services	The council is suppo	The council is supporting 205 children who are looked after (September 2024). The number has stabilised in recent years, although it						
living safely at home, w	vith their families and cor	nmunities, and		remains higher than	remains higher than the average number of children who are looked after across Wales. Over the year, the number of contacts into						
continue to review and	l monitor the Children Lo	oked after C	Ongoing	the 'front-door' of c	hildren's services has i	increased by 21% to 707	1 contacts. The focus	has been on keeping ch	ildren safe, which		

population in line with Welsh Government expectations around reduction		means there has been less time for strength-based engagement with parents and children. A detailed analysis of referral activity is being undertaken to in order to consider the best way of intervening.
		There is a coherent approach to early help and prevention to support families. This allows families to receive support at the right level of intensity to enable parents to provide their children with the safety, nurture and care they need. Services are in place to support the rehabilitation of children following periods of being looked after e.g. Families Re-connect; to provide medium-term holistic support to families making sustainable change e.g. Achieving Change Together Team; and to provide a therapeutic response to parents and carers in supporting children with trauma presentations e.g. MyST.
		Family support has been further strengthened to provide intensive community supervision and support to children. The focus remains on practice development and working with families to support strengths, manage risks and achieve good outcomes, reducing the need for children to be looked. An additional focus is to increase resilience within Child Protection services to work with increased levels of risk and vulnerability within the community.
Develop and expand the Children's Services Commissioning Strategy in response to the intention to eliminate profit from children's social care	Head of Children's services Ongoing	A commissioning and placement strategy has been developed, with a specific emphasis on the development of in-county residential and support living accommodation. This is aligned with Welsh Government's ambition to eliminate profit from children's care. Two children's homes have been commissioned through partnership models, one of which was a specialised provision for children with very complex needs. Further opportunities to develop residential and supported accommodation placements are in place. Establishing a residential workforce and bringing the projects into operation is a priority. There are huge challenges with this work particularly around workforce, resources and the time it takes to develop provision.
		In the meantime, however, finding appropriate placements for children remains challenging. The policy direction of removing profit from children's care has created instability and uncertainty within the provider market (for both foster care and residential care) resulting in placement insufficiency and driving up the cost of placements. Whilst we continue to take steps to prevent children coming into care and reduce the numbers of children in care, the demand for appropriate placements remains high in a low supply environment.
Continue to implement the fostering strategy on the recruitment, retention and skills development of in house fostering.	Head of Children's Services Ongoing	The recruitment and retention of foster carers remains an area of significant challenge. There is an insufficiency of in-house carers in Monmouthshire, particularly carers who are able to provide more specialist care or look after sibling groups. In 2023/24 little progress has been made in the net numbers of in-house foster carers despite considerable effort and attention. This creates an overreliance on private and independent providers, where the right placement for a child cannot be assured. The number of foster carers increased from 36 to 38 (including 7 new carers) with a corresponding increase in placement capacity from 64 to 67 (at year end 40 children were placed). Current projections for 2024/25 include a further 6 carers currently going through the assessment process. The overall offer to foster carers is being reviewed to see where and how more foster cares can join the in-house team.

Ref & Status	8	Risk	Potential Risk t	tential Risk that:						
			Risk of harm if	we are unable to meet the ca	re and support needs of som	e vulnerable adults due to an i	increase in demand and comp	olexity of cases		
Risk Owner and c	abinet	Jane Rodgers	(Chief Officer	Strategic objective &	A Connected Place Where	Risk category and appetite	Safeguarding	Terminate/treat/	Treat	
Member responsi	ible	Social Care, S	Safeguarding &	Scrutiny Committee	People Care	level		transfer/tolerate		
		Health) and C	Cllr Ian Chandler				Averse			
		(Cabinet Mer	mber for Social		People Scrutiny Committee					
		Care, Safegua	arding and							
		Accessible He	ealth Services)							
Reason why Ident	tified									

Referrals to Adult's Services have increased over recent years, and services are facing unprecedented pressure as a result. There are waiting lists in place for social care assessments and some people are having to wait for services, particularly for reablement care at home, and mental capacity act assessments. There has also been an increase in the number of residential care placements due to the complexity of people's needs. Monmouthshire has specific challenges in providing sufficient home care due to the more rural parts of the county. The impact of the pandemic, together with the aging demographic has increased the complexity of presenting need, and services are under immense pressure as a result, particularly given the added challenges of the Council's financial situation.

The availability of workforce in some key posts remains a risk - specifically mental health practitioners and Therapies. There is insufficient capacity within the current workforce structure to meet the demand pressures, particularly given the demands associated with hospital discharge. The current financial context for both health and social care places restrictions on the ways in which services can respond to need. In 2024/25 the Adult Services budget is forecasting an overspend of £1.5 million at Month 4, with pressures due to increases in external residential care home placements and increased demand for care at home.

	Risk Level (Post-mitigation)								
Year	Likelihood	Impact	Risk Level	Risk Score	Year	Likelihood	Impact	Risk Level	Risk Score

2024/25	Likely	Major	High	12	2024/25	Likely	Major	High	12		
2025/26	Likely	Major	High	12	2025/26	Likely	Major	High	12		
2026/27	Likely	Major	High	12	2026/27	Likely	Major	High	12		
				Mitigating A	actions						
Mitigating Action Work with Welsh Govern	nment to recruit and re	atain care staff	Responsibility Holder & Timescale Chief Officer, Social Care &	Mitigation action pr	ogress is a sufficient workforce	has been a risk for so	me time narticularly i	n key nosts around dire	ct care, mental health		
Work with Weish doven	innent to recruit and re	call care stall	Health Ongoing	team leader posts a negative; recruitme progression, work li Adults social care re continues to be a ch	team leader posts and occupational therapy, and this is an on-going endeavour. The perceptions of working in social care tend to negative; recruitment is focussed on counteracting these negative perceptions and demonstrate the opportunities, career progression, work life balance and job satisfaction that people experience who work within the sector. Generally, the workforce in Adults social care remains stable, however attraction and recruitment of people into the social care sector, particularly in some recontinues to be a challenge. Workforce planning remains a priority within the service to ensure that scarce resources are utilised in the best way possible.						
Work to address the diff system through the Regi groups.			Chief Officer, Social Care & Health and Head of Adult Services Ongoing	include Gwent Adul- grant money receive pressure in particula of effective early he	There are on- going regional and local partnership meetings to identify and address difficulties across health and social care. These include Gwent Adult Service Partnership, and at a local level the Integrated Services Partnership Board. At a local and regional level, grant money received via the Regional Partnership Board is used to best effect to meet population needs and respond to demand pressure in particular within hospital discharge; supporting people with frailty to remain well at home, and ensuring the development of effective early help and preventative services via the Integrated Wellbeing Network. Establishing targeted early help and ensuring there are good pathways between social care and community based wellbeing support is central to trying to mitigate demand						
Rebalance reablement a care at home service.	nd long-term care with	in our in-house	Chief Officer, Social Care & Health Ongoing	provided in the last strategy the focus is	apacity to provide reably year. While this is good son further increasing the crease the number of pressures.	progress the aim is to he availability of in-ho	improve this further. I use home care to supp	In line with the aims of ort reablement as oppo	the commissioning osed to providing long		
· ·	Monitor requests for Domiciliary Care to ensure demand is being met and delays are minimised			On-going pressure across the social care and health system, together with workforce shortages in some areas, has meant that there are continued challenges in being able to respond to people's care and support needs as timely as we would want. All referrals are triaged at point of referral to ensure that those in most need are prioritised for assessment and intervention. Case reviews are being undertaken, applying the principles of the Social Services and Well-being Act to ensure a strengths-based approach looking at individual, family and community based support where appropriate. Access to care and support is not always timely; however, overall there is increased capacity across home care which has assisted in supporting 96% of demand in the last year. Action is being undertaken to ensure that home care runs, both in-house and provider services, are coordinated as efficiently as possible. The commissioning strategy is being implemented to strengthen locality based provision of home care and increase capacity into rural areas.							
Implement a 'place-base care at home services	ed' approach to create s	sustainability in	Chief Officer, Social Care & Health – As per commissioning strategy	commissioning hom strategy has comme The micro-care proj	s committed to develop necare through increase enced. ect within Monmouthsh support capacity across	d block purchasing has	been developed. Enga ort the self-employed o	agement with local prov	ousinesses. This is		
Ensure the long-term su	sure the long-term sustainability of social care providers			It is vital that social care providers are able to provide care and support after the period of the pandemic and as such the role in ensuring their financial sustainability through fair fee negotiations and supporting with recruitment and training. has built positive relationships with local providers and intervenes and provide support where difficulties emerge. There contract monitoring in place, based on partnership approaches. The position in Monmouthshire, whilst challenging, has seen very few providers withdraw their services and most have weather the difficulties around recruitment and retention with the social care sector. Positively home care services have and there has been a reduction in the number of people waiting and the average length of wait time. The number of residential placements has increased by 42 placements over the year (from 268 to 310 at year end). Occil home placements is high at around 95% which is positive from a provider perspective and ensures businesses are viable							

The increase in residential placements and costs of residential care had a big impact the budget in Adult Social Care. The main pressure on the budget during 2023/2024 was down to provider fees. At the beginning of the year the cost of the care that commissioned was calculated at a higher rate than was able to be accommodated within the budget set. Through extensive fair fee negotiations with provider agencies this was reduced; however, not to the extent that this delivered within the financial envelope
agreed within the budget.

tatus	9a	Risk	Potential Risk t	ntial Risk that:							
			Failure to retur	e to return attendance figures to those seen before the pandemic, particularly among vulnerable pupils and those eligible for free school meals, could lead to a negative impact on							
			educational att	tional attainment							
vner and ca	binet	Will Mclean (Chief Officer	Strategic objective &	AII	Risk category and appetite	Strategic	Terminate/treat/	Treat		
er responsil	ble	Children & Yo	oung People)	Scrutiny Committee		level		transfer/tolerate			
		and Cllr Mart	tyn Groucutt		People Scrutiny Committee,		Minimalist				
		(Cabinet member for			Performance and Overview						
		Education)			Scrutiny Committee						
V	ner and ca	ner and cabinet r responsible	ner and cabinet r responsible and Cllr Mart (Cabinet mer	responsible Will Mclean (Chief Officer Children & Young People) and Cllr Martyn Groucutt (Cabinet member for	Failure to return attendance figures to those educational attainment Mill Mclean (Chief Officer Children & Young People) and Cllr Martyn Groucutt (Cabinet member for	Failure to return attendance figures to those seen before the pandemic, p educational attainment Mill Mclean (Chief Officer responsible Children & Young People) and Cllr Martyn Groucutt (Cabinet member for Failure to return attendance figures to those seen before the pandemic, p educational attainment Strategic objective & Scrutiny Committee People Scrutiny Committee, Performance and Overview	Failure to return attendance figures to those seen before the pandemic, particularly among vulnerable educational attainment The responsible Will Mclean (Chief Officer responsible Children & Young People) and Cllr Martyn Groucutt (Cabinet member for Strategic objective & People Scrutiny Committee, Performance and Overview The responsible People Scrutiny Committee, Performance and Overview	Failure to return attendance figures to those seen before the pandemic, particularly among vulnerable pupils and those eligible for frequired reducational attainment Propose Propose	Failure to return attendance figures to those seen before the pandemic, particularly among vulnerable pupils and those eligible for free school meals, could lead to educational attainment The responsible Will Mclean (Chief Officer Children & Young People) and Cllr Martyn Groucutt (Cabinet member for Performance and Overview The responsible Failure to return attendance figures to those seen before the pandemic, particularly among vulnerable pupils and those eligible for free school meals, could lead to educational attainment Terminate/treat/ Terminate/treat/ Terminate/treat/ Transfer/tolerate People Scrutiny Committee, Performance and Overview Minimalist		

The pandemic caused widespread disruption to learning, with a significant effect on both teachers and learners. Longer-term effects of the pandemic on pupil well-being and attendance have emerged. There is a risk that our schooling system struggles to adjust to the new patterns of need amongst our children and young people in the post-pandemic period. Meeting the needs of vulnerable learners remains a priority and the gap in attainment between those not eligible and those eligible for Free School Meals (eFSM) remains a concern. There is variation in eFSM learner progress and outcomes across schools. Leadership, management, capacity and performance has been identified as in need of improvement in some schools.

Attendance levels have been particularly affected. Though attendance at a primary level has slowly returned to pre-pandemic levels, attendance in our secondary schools remains below levels seen before the pandemic. Attendance of those eligible for free schools meals remains below pre-pandemic levels and below those of their peers not eligible for free school meals. The low attendance of those eFSM has been identified by Estyn as an area for concern in one of our secondary schools. We need to increase attendance for those eFSM to ensure no pupil is left behind.

Ensuring pupils return to school, and understanding the barriers to prevent them doing so, will be key to ensuring our learners are achieving their potential.

	R	isk Level (Pre-mitig	gation)		Risk Level (Post-mitigation)					
Year	Likelihood	Impact	Risk Level	Risk Score	Year	Likelihood	Impact	Risk Level	Risk Score	
2024/25	Likely	Major	High	12	2024/25	Likely	Major	High	12	
2025/26	Likely	Major	High	12	2025/26	Likely	Major	High	12	
2026/27	Likely	Major	High	12	2026/27	Likely	Major	High	12	
				Mitigating A	ctions					
			Responsibility Holder & Timescale	Mitigation action pro	ogress					
Engagement Policy and Work with Education W	Complete the consultation on the new Attendance and Engagement Policy and processes Work with Education Welfare Services to ensure that pupils attend school regularly and are able to access excellent teaching and learning			Participating guidan schools. Alongside the policy policy, the graduate Education Welfare S The Education Welfare sapproach to support where attendance h	Attendance and Engage ce issued by Welsh Govern, the team have created response for attendance are Service (EWS) team ting families to overcomas improved, there has the year, which has relegated in the service (EWS) that is the year, which has relegated in the year, which has relegated in the year, which has relegated in the year.	d a draft handbook for nce, model policy and t ed training for governo continue to work colla ne barriers to school at been a change in prov	schools to summarise the local code for fixed ors as they implement boratively with externation, or a pupil has rel	the roles and responsib penalty notices and prothe new policy. al supporting services to NS has reviewed proce ocation to another area	illities in the new osecutions. The provide a holistic sses for closing cases a. As a result, 50 cases	
Work with schools and partners to better understand drivers of low attendance			Head of Inclusion Ongoing	Complex cases involved. The team have developed Community Focused emotionally based sand approaches use support to secondar	ving a wide range of ago loped their awareness I Schools (which focuse chool avoidance (EBSA) d in other teams within by pupils with attendand crience Emotionally Base	encies. of drivers of low schoo s on the way in which f approaches. This mea the directorate. EWS a se below 50% through a	I attendance through e amilies work with scho ns that the team consi- are also working closely a reintegration and qua	engagement in program ools), Trauma Informed stently reinforce the lar y with the Inspire Outre	imes such as Schools and nguage, expectations each Team who offer	

		For the first time a team of Family Liaison Officers has been working with schools and families to build relationships, overcome barriers to attendance and support pupils back into school. This means pupils and families are receiving support earlier, and Education Welfare Officers have more time to deal with increasing numbers of complex cases and support schools to review systems and processes to secure high levels of attendance for all pupils. However, during the year, the capacity of the service has been reduced for periods.
Support pupils' wellbeing and address barriers to learning	Head of Inclusion	The whole school approach to emotional and mental well-being has been implemented. Which helps schools to understand how they
		are best placed to promote well-being. This has been introduced in a phased approach and increased the number of schools engaged
	Ongoing	in the approach from 43% to 74%. This is increasing the support available for the well-being needs of pupils and has a significant
		effect on children's attendance and achievement in school. All schools and settings are engaged with Emotional Literacy Support
		Assistants (ELSAs), and there are currently 67 practicing ELSAs who access regular supervision, operating across all but one school in
		the county, making a positive impact on the emotional literacy of pupils. School are also engaged in professional learning related to
		Emotionally Based School Avoidance (EBSA); Trauma Informed Approaches; and Autism; currently 68% of schools are engaged.

us S)b	Risk	Potential Risk t	tial Risk that:						
			An increase in I	pehaviours that challenge in so	chools as a result of the conti	inuation of trends that first em	nerged during the pandemic r	may lead to harm to a pupil or	member of staff	
er and cal	binet	Will Mclean (Chief Officer	Strategic objective &	All	Risk category and appetite	Safeguarding, Health and	Terminate/treat/	Treat	
esponsib	le	Children & Yo	oung People)	Scrutiny Committee		level	Safety	transfer/tolerate		
		and Cllr Mart	yn Groucutt		People Scrutiny Committee,					
		(Cabinet men	nber for		Performance and Overview		Averse			
		Education)			Scrutiny Committee					
2	r and ca	r and cabinet	r and cabinet esponsible Children & Your and Cllr Mart (Cabinet mer	An increase in by An increase	An increase in behaviours that challenge in so are and cabinet esponsible Will Mclean (Chief Officer Children & Young People) and Cllr Martyn Groucutt (Cabinet member for	An increase in behaviours that challenge in schools as a result of the continuous rand cabinet Example and Chief Officer Children & Young People) and Cllr Martyn Groucutt (Cabinet member for All Scrutiny Committee People Scrutiny Committee, Performance and Overview	An increase in behaviours that challenge in schools as a result of the continuation of trends that first emerged and cabinet and Cllr Martyn Groucutt (Cabinet member for Strategic objective & People Scrutiny Committee, Performance and Overview	An increase in behaviours that challenge in schools as a result of the continuation of trends that first emerged during the pandemic read cabinet The rand cabinet responsible Will Mclean (Chief Officer Children & Young People) and Cllr Martyn Groucutt (Cabinet member for All People Scrutiny Committee, Performance and Overview Risk category and appetite level Safeguarding, Health and Safety People Scrutiny Committee, Performance and Overview Averse	An increase in behaviours that challenge in schools as a result of the continuation of trends that first emerged during the pandemic may lead to harm to a pupil or and cabinet esponsible Will Mclean (Chief Officer Children & Young People) and Cllr Martyn Groucutt (Cabinet member for An increase in behaviours that challenge in schools as a result of the continuation of trends that first emerged during the pandemic may lead to harm to a pupil or Risk category and appetite level Safeguarding, Health and Safety transfer/tolerate People Scrutiny Committee, Performance and Overview Averse	

Monmouthshire is currently experiencing exceptionally high levels of both Fixed Term Exclusions (FTE) and Permanent Exclusions (PEx) and this presents a risk to the positive engagement and outcomes for children / young people and increasing pressure on local authority services and provisions.

Permanent Exclusion (PEx) and Fixed Term exclusions (FTE) have both increased over the past year. Local authorities across Wales and England have experienced similar trends post covid. The reasons for this are complex and not easily resolved. As of the end of the 2023/24 academic year there were 22 upheld PEx. The number and rate of PEx and FTE is higher than the South East Wales consortia overall rate. Of concern is that the data shows clear rises in the issue of FTE for reasons linked to violent or aggressive behaviour, this can be verbal or physical against another student or an adult.

Increased levels of exclusions increase the pressure on the Pupil Referral Service (PRS) which currently does not have the capacity to accept any new learners unless they have been permanently excluded. This means that even where a graduated response has been applied within a school, and where behaviours and risk assessments indicate the learner may merit a PRS intervention, there is limited capacity to access this. Increased referrals to the PRS as a result of exclusions also puts pressure on the service and impacts its ability to deliver its statutory function to education learners who cannot attend school due to ill-health.

	Ri	isk Level (Pre-mitigati	on)		Risk Level (Post-mitigation)					
Year	Likelihood	Impact	Risk Level	Risk Score	Year	Likelihood	Impact	Risk Level	Risk Score	
2024/25	Likely	Major	High	12	2024/25	Likely	Major	High	12	
2025/26	Likely	Major	High	12	2025/26	Likely	Major	High	12	
2026/27	2026/27 Likely Major		High	12	2026/27	Likely	Major	High	12	
				Mitigating A	ctions					
Mitigating Action			Responsibility Holder & Timescale	Mitigation action pro	ogress					
Support learners most at risk of repeat Fixed Term Exclusions or of Head of Inclusion Permanent exclusions through the Education Support Team (EST) Ongoing				aged learners most a professionals. These emotional and ment Experiences (ACE) at PEx by stabilising be	ort Team (EST) was creat risk of repeat Fixed Teteams have experience tal health needs and adware. These supportive haviours and thus reducts and supported in years.	erm Exclusions (FTE) o e in responding to beha ditional learning needs teams work to enable cing risk. The EST have	r of Permanent Exclusion of Permanent Exclusion of concern/ change (ALN) in a way that is learners to maintain the supported learners to	ons (PEx) to receive sup allenge, an enhanced u trauma informed and A neir current placement	oport from specialist nderstanding of social dverse Childhood by reducing the risk of	
Implement the outcome review				The Pupil Referral Service has been reviewed. This has helped understand the current demand, while considering the future role and function of the PRS. The findings of this review will now be implemented including increasing the capacity of the PRS to provide						
		Un	going							

		preventative intervention for pupils at risk of PEx and enhanced support for learners to reintegrate into mainstream having had a period of support in the PRS.
Work with officers in community partnerships to secure Home Office grant funding to support the reduction of violence in schools	Vulnerable Learners Lead Ongoing	The Vulnerable Learner Lead worked with officers in community partnerships to secure Home Office grant funding to support the reduction of violence in schools and to reduce exclusions (both FTE and PEx) associated with this. This funding enabled several learners at risk of PEx to avoid this outcome, including learners in their final year of school, who were able to complete their exams in school. Work is already underway on a bid for the current financial year to extend and enhance this work. Further multi agency work has also been undertaken to consider how to reduce FTE and PEx linked to aggression and violence amongst both pupils and towards staff. Focused efforts are underway to improve representation at multi agency meetings in schools and with focused consideration of
		learners who have been excluded for these reasons in the intervening periods between each meeting.
Continue to roll out training for all staff in all school and settings (i.e. ACEs and Trauma Informed practice) to increase the understanding of the impact on learner behaviours, strategies and approaches to deescalate and ensure safety and wellbeing.	Head of Inclusion Ongoing	A key part of our approach to reducing exclusions is to improve an understanding of the drivers for children's behaviours. Trauma Informed approaches form part of a universal, whole-school, preventative approach supporting school communities to become trauma informed and mentally healthy places for all. Being Adverse Childhood Experiences (ACEs) aware and trauma-informed is recognised by the Welsh Government in guidance and reflects the evidence base that it is important to build relational practice to improve positive outcomes for all learners.
		Trauma Informed Schools (TIS) and relational practice approaches are being developed and embedded. A multi-agency TIS Steering Group, including colleagues from health and social care, has been established to achieve this, led by the Educational Psychology Service (EPS), and a tiered training programme has been developed. Monmouthshire schools continue to request Trauma Informed training, three schools have been identified to pilot our Trauma Skilled training in the Autumn Term 2024.

Risks to policy priorities

Ref & Status	10	Risk Potential Risk t	hat:						
		The Council do	e Council does not support the Replacement Local Development Plan, leading to delays in its adoption which restricts our ability to take forward key policy objective such as job creation,						
		affordable hous	affordable housing development and the adoption of key policies to protect the environment and tackle climate change						
Risk Owner and c	abinet	Craig O'Connor (Chief Office	Strategic objective &	A Thriving and Ambitious	Risk category and appetite	Governance, Strategic	Terminate/treat/	Tolerate	
Member responsi	ible	Place) and Cllr Paul Griffiths	Scrutiny Committee	Place	level		transfer/tolerate		
		(Cabinet member for		A Safe Place to Live		Minimalist			
		Planning and Economic							
		Development)		Place Scrutiny Committee					
Daggara vida i Idaga	· C· I					•			

Reason why Identified

The current Local Development Plan ran until 31st December 2021; it will remain the principal development plan for decision-making purposes until the adoption of the Replacement Local Development Plan (RLDP). This does not change the urgent need for the council to make timely progress on its RLDP and to adopt it as soon as realistically possible to address key issues and challenges, including rebalancing our demography and responding to the climate emergency, and to meet the future needs of the county. Factors contributing to the delays include challenge from Welsh Government, which resulted in the need for a new Preferred Strategy, high phosphate levels in the rivers Usk and Wye which resulted in restrictions on developments, and delays in agreeing appropriate Gypsy, Roma and Traveller sites.

The Council is now proceeding with a new Preferred Strategy that responds to the Welsh Government objection and unresolved water quality constraint in the upper River Wye catchment. A revised Delivery Agreement has therefore been prepared which sets out an amended timetable for Plan preparation. The revised timetable shows that the adoption of the RLDP is anticipated in Summer 2025. This unavoidable delay will impact on the Council's ability to address the identified issues and objectives until the RLDP is adopted and puts pressure on the deliverability of the housing and employment figures over the Plan period, with more reliance on delivery towards the end of the Plan. There are a range of issues and challenges the RLDP will need to address:

- The delivery of affordable housing continues to be a concern. There are a significant number of households on the Councils waiting list, and there are limited remaining opportunities within the current LDP to deliver affordable homes because most strategic sites have been delivered and the remaining few cannot currently proceed due to phosphates.
- There is a recognised lack of suitable employment land in the northern part of the County (Abergavenny and Monmouth in particular). Delays to the RLDP mean that new allocations to attract investors or retain growing businesses will not be available. There may be some scope for employment sites to come forward adjacent to settlement boundaries outside of the current LDP allocations but in parts of the county these are affected by phosphate restrictions.
- The RLDP will identify areas with potential for renewable energy. A delay to the RLDP will have limited impact in this regard because renewable energy schemes such as solar farms can come forward for consideration via the existing LDP and under national planning policy.
- There is a need to ensure the RLDP's growth ambition is matched by infrastructure delivery, much of which is delivered by other bodies. This alignment is required to ensure sustainable development to support future economic, social, environmental and cultural well-being.

	Ri	isk Level (Pre-mitigation	n)	Risk Level (Post-mitigation)					
Year	Likelihood	Impact	Risk Level	Risk Score	Year	Likelihood	Impact	Risk Level	Risk Score
2024/25	Likely	Major	High	12	2024/25	Likely	Major	High	12

2026/27 Mitigating Action Prepare a replacement Local county's issues/challenges, ir	cluding in relation		Responsibility Holder & Timescale Chief Officer Place	Mitigating A		Likely	Major	High	12	
Prepare a replacement Local county's issues/challenges, in	cluding in relation		Timescale							
Prepare a replacement Local county's issues/challenges, in	cluding in relation		Timescale	Mitigation action pro	ogress					
county's issues/challenges, ir	cluding in relation		Chief Officer Diese	Mitigation action progress						
housing (market and affordal and to facilitate the identification housing land and appropriate infrastructure.		ent opportunities, n of additional	Spring 2026	The RLDP Preferred Strategy was endorsed by Council in October 2023. This has formed the basis of the Deposit Plan, which was endorsed by Council for a detailed public consultation in October 2024. The Deposit Plan sets the ambition for development within the county. This plan also addresses a number of key issues and align with the priorities of the organisation; it has allocated 50% affordable housing on each new development and is introducing enabling policies which will allow for further affordable housing developments to come forward. This includes facilitating more single person accommodation in the county which is currently extremely limited and is a factor contributing to homelessness. All homes developed under this plan will also be net zero carbon.						
Work with partner organisati	ons to identify and	implement	Chief Officer Place	Council will consider the results of the consultation in Summer 2025, following which the RLDP will be subject to public examination In May, Cabinet approved the Climate and Nature Emergency Strategy. This includes an action plan on how we will work in						
solutions to phosphate pollut		sk and Wye	Ongoing	partnership to improve the health of our rivers and oceans. Progress will be monitored regularly by the Climate and Nature Emergency Steering Group.						
				form of phosphate s appropriate develop Environmental Perm	ars there has been sign stripping being installed oment to be permitted hits of wastewater treat rmitted. The candidate e or Usk.	in Llanfoist (Abergave within these settlemer tments across Monmo	enny) and Monmouth to nt areas. There has also uthshire and, where th	o serve their settlemen o been a comprehensiv ere is capacity, approp	ts. This will enable e review of the riate development	
Ensure RLDP growth ambition	ure RLDP growth ambition is met by essential infrastructure			Close working is being undertaken on the infrastructure requirements and the delivery between the Local Planning Authority an colleagues in the Local Education Authority, Aneurin Bevan University Health Board, Highways Authority, Passenger Transport U Active Travel Team, SUDs Approval Body and Green Infrastructure team. The Infrastructure Plan will be published alongside the Deposit Plan.					nger Transport Unit,	
			Chief Officer Infrastructure	A Local Transport Plan was approved by Cabinet in May 2024.						
			Chief Officer Children and Youn People	The Employment, Ec	conomy & Skills Strateg	y was approved by Cal	oinet in February 2024.			

ı	Ref & Status	11	Risk	Potential Risk t	hat:						
				· ·	a) The council is unable to deliver its commitment to decarbonise its operations in sufficient time to achieve net zero by 2030 because our resources are not commensurate verthe scale and complexity of the challenge						
					b) The Council is unable to deliver services as a result of the increasing frequency of climate-related emergencies such as floods or extreme heatwaves that increase the demander of the emergency responses and can cause damage to infrastructure and the closure of facilities						
Ī	Risk Owner and ca	binet	Strategic Lea	dership Team &	Strategic objective &	All	Risk category and appetite	Strategic, Environmental,	Terminate/treat/	Tolerate	
ı	Member responsi	ble	Cllr Catrin Ma	aby (Cabinet	Scrutiny Committee		level	Service Delivery	transfer/tolerate		
			member for (Climate Change		Place Scrutiny Committee		1			
			and the Envir	ronment				Minimalist			

Tackling climate change and moving to a low carbon economy is one of the biggest challenges facing our society. Rising temperatures and more extreme weather events bring increased risks to our communities and are causing long-term and potentially irreversible damage to our planet's eco-systems, with significant local impacts such as flooding and loss of species. If we are to stand a chance of slowing the rise in the Earth's temperature, we need to act now. In 2019, councillors were unanimous in declaring a climate emergency. The council will strive to reduce its own emissions and work with communities and local businesses to help them reduce their emissions. This will require engagement, community involvement and commitments from third parties.

When considering climate change, it is important to consider both how Monmouthshire is contributing to climate change, but also how resilient the county is to the likely impacts of climate change. Extreme weather, such as flooding and record high temperatures, can impact significantly on infrastructure, homes and businesses, along with disruption to community life and public services, particularly critical public services people rely on such as care services.

	R	isk Level (Pre-mitigation	1)	Risk Level (Post-mitigation)					
Year	Likelihood	Impact	Risk Level	Risk Score	Year	Likelihood	Impact	Risk Level	Risk Score

2024/25	Almost certain	Major	High	16	2024/25	Almost certain	Major	High	16	
2025/26	Almost certain	Major	High	16	2025/26	Almost certain	Major	High	16	
2026/27	Almost certain	Major	High	16	2026/27	Almost certain	Major	High	16	
				Mitigating A	ctions					
Mitigating Action			Responsibility Holder & Timescale	Mitigation action pro	ogress					
Deliver the Monmouth	shire County Council Clima		trategic Leadership Team imescales as per strategy	The Climate and Nature Emergency Strategy was approved by Cabinet in May 2024. This strategy is underpinned by four action plans to better reflect the breadth of work that is taking place: Internal decarbonisation, Biodiversity and Nature Recovery, Rivers and Oceans and Community climate change. Progress in implementing the strategy is regularly monitored by the Climate and Nature Emergency Steering Group. Work is underway as part of this strategy to better understand the scale of the challenge we face in striving to collectively become net zero. A costed decarbonisation plan and survey for our built estate has been commissioned to ensure a sound understanding of the funding needed to implement change. Without significant increases in public funding, it is unlikely we will meet the collective target of net zero by 2030. Support is being provide to communities to reduce their carbon emissions through circular economy projects such as Benthyg library of things and reuse shops. Grant funding has been obtained to employ two officers to help expand this offering. The Monmouthshire Local Nature Partnership (LNP) continues to share best practice and resources. This partnership developed the Monmouthshire Nature Recovery Action Plan (NRAP); the public consultation of this action plan was launched in September. The action plan provides practical and achievable actions to help reverse the decline in biodiversity and ecosystem resilience in the county.						
Prepare and adapt for t	the impact of climate chang		trategic Leadership Team Ongoing	for delivering improprotect water qualit agreed its priorities. In recent years, cour adapt to these risks. understand their netheir expectations at Cardiff Capital Region. The Replacement Loimpacts of climate coprecautionary appropriate an updated Flood Rimuch of the work to continues to work was part the reworking of climate change, humanagement of green.	vements in water quality, water quantity and Is for the draft Integrated neil services have considered and constant and a part of their Carbona as part of their Carbona and Coastal Erosk Management Strates as Coordinate emergency with partners on the LRI as been embedded acreen infrastructure to im a cooling effect; and co	dered what the potenti is updated these Climate uirements. Discussion a ion. The council is also p on Disclosure Project co has a key role to play in ional planning policy on development on greenfi iosion Risk Management	al risks to their service Change Risk Assessmare also taking place wo part of broader assessmantments. In making sure our comflooding are still awaitield sites at known flooin Wales, and in respondent the Gwent Lare prepared for sever adaptation, which includes; increasing urban trees; increasing urban trees.	es are, in order to start to ents to allow service are ith Welsh Government ments of climate risk be munities are sustainable ted, but officers intended risk. Welsh Government onse, Monmouthshire is cocal Resilience Forum (we weather events.	the Partnership to ablished and has thinking about how to leas to better to better understand ing carried out by the e and resilient to the to take a lent has produced The currently developing LRF). The council apting for the impact e developing the extreet trees and in	

Ref & Status	12	Risk	Potential Risk t							
			The rising cost	ng cost of living tips more families into crisis requiring public service interventions which diverts resources from other policy priorities						
Risk Owner and o	abinet	lan Saunders	L , Chief Officer	Strategic objective &	AII	Risk category and appetite	Service delivery, Economic	Terminate/treat/	Tolerate	
Member respons	ible	Customer, Cu	-	Scrutiny Committee		level		transfer/tolerate		
		Wellbeing, Ja	ine Rodgers,		People Scrutiny Committee		Cautious			

Chief Officer Social Care,			
Safeguarding & Health & Cllr			
Angela Sandles, Cabinet			
member for Equalities and			
Engagement			

Monmouthshire is a beautiful county, blessed with strong communities and a competitive local economy. However, the county's relative affluence compared to much of Wales, when viewed through the lens of aggregated data, masks the day-to-day reality and lived experience of those citizens who are experiencing poverty, financial hardship and who do so in the context of the considerable financial inequality that exists within the county. In many ways, living in an area of relative affluence and wealth whilst struggling to make ends meet can make that experience even harder and more isolating. This is Monmouthshire's particular challenge and one that we are determined to understand and address.

For families on lower incomes the rising cost of living, including higher energy prices and cost of fuel, rising food prices and high inflation – risks adding additional financial pressures to households. This also follows financial challenges experienced through the pandemic. This is causing significant pressures and is resulting in an increasing number of families requiring additional public service support from services such as housing support, Mental health, health, debt advice and customer contact and support services. Many of these services have already seen increasing demands and complexity in support required through the pandemic. The cost-of living will also impact Council staff, including costs for working, which could impact staff well-being and capacity to deliver services.

	. F	Risk Level (Pre-mitigatio	n)			Ris	sk Level (Post-mitigati	ion)			
Year	Likelihood	Impact	Risk Level	Risk Score	Year	Likelihood	Impact	Risk Level	Risk Score		
2024/25	Likely	Major	High	12	2024/25	Likely	Major	High	12		
2025/26	Likely	Major	High	12	2025/26	Likely	Major	High	12		
2026/27	Likely	Major	High	12	2026/27	Possible	Major	Medium	8		
				Mitigating Actions							
Mitigating Action			Responsibility Holder & Timescale	Mitigation action progress							
	ing to identify communit ro-active responses such	n as commissioning Com		the affects people's the number of food	We have undertaken extensive data analysis and qualitative research furthering understanding of inequality at a local level and how the affects people's lives. Close working with partners is being undertaken to help understand the situation and act accordingly (e.g. the number of food bank parcels issued, referrals for housing support, nature or queries to Citizens Advice, use of Register Social Landlords hardship funds).						
Support residents with they have the right adv		hrough ensuring Hea	d of Enterprise & munity Animation	of support and furth October 24, the Cor many others, held t	The Council is delivering a range of activities to support residents including the Money Matters campaign which signposts to sources of support and further delivery of the campaign to staff in schools and other projects related to the costs of the school day. In October 24, the Community Development Team, together with partners such as Citizen's Advice, Warm Wales, local foodbanks and many others, held the first in a series of events across the county to give support, ideas and advice to residents to help with the cost of living. Representatives from our Benthyg library of things will also attend to ensure a joined-up approach of our tackling poverty interventions.						
Review the Tackling Pov	verty and Inequality Acti	Com	d of Enterprise & Imunity Animation Ember 2024	A Tackling Poverty and Inequality Lead was appointed in April 2024. It has been agreed that a new strategy or formal tackling poverty and inequality action plan is not the preferred option at this time. The Community Development Team, who coordinate delivery of work in this area, will continue to work to their targeted work plan.							
Work across the organi	sation to address food ir	Com	d of Enterprise & amunity Animation oing	We continue to support community-based food insecurity interventions including community fridges. These provide an indirect source of support for those experiencing food insecurity. The number of people accessing community fridges has increased in recent years; there is a need to ensure the long-term sustainability of these interventions. There is a risk that community fridges support residents who otherwise would have reached the foodbanks, which require a referral process and can trigger more extensive support which may be required. We are working alongside the community fridges to sensitively support frequent users to connect with appropriate support, particularly through the Housing Gateway.							
				for children during t supported, and 8,95	he summer holidays. A	ttendances have increa	ased from 2,005 in 22/ s provided access to h	23 to 4,445 in 23/24, w	thy meals and activities ith 617 children ne centres were open in		

Ref & Status	s 13	3	Risk	Potential Risk tl	nat:						
				Residents are u	nts are unable to secure or retain suitable accommodation, leading to rising homelessness and outward migration as a result of failures in the housing market						
Risk Owner	and cab	inet	Cath Fallon, F	Head of Rural	Strategic objective &	A Safe Place to Live	Risk category and appetite	Service delivery	Terminate/treat/	Treat	
Member res	sponsible	e	Development	t, Housing and	Scrutiny Committee	A Fair Place to Live	level		transfer/tolerate		
			Partnerships,	, Matthew				Minimalist			
			Gatehouse, C	Chief Officer		People Scrutiny Committee					
			People, Perfo	ormance and							
			Partnerships	& Cllr Angela							
			Sandles, Cabi	inet member for	-						
			Equalities and	d Engagement							

The Council is currently experiencing significant challenges and risks in relation to homelessness. Initially due to the pandemic, Welsh Government required Councils to avoid people sleeping rough, then made the subsequent decision to transition homeless services with the aim of homeless becoming rare, brief and unrepeated, together with an improvement in the quality of homeless accommodation. Welsh Government homeless policy changes through the Phase 2 Planning Guidance for Homelessness and Housing Support, whilst positive, has created challenges. Although homeless presentations have remained broadly consistent, the impact of Welsh Government policy has seen a significant increase in demand for homeless accommodation. This in turn has impacted significantly on the Housing Options Team operationally in respect of the need to identify alternative accommodation, which largely has relied on B & B, re-housing households, housing management and placement break downs. This has also created placement and staffing challenges.

There are challenges regarding the availability of temporary, supported and permanent accommodation, the type and quality of accommodation and the range of housing support available necessary to meet current and emerging homeless need. Further challenges are also being experienced in respect of acquiring existing accommodation and repurposing properties due to the buoyant market in Monmouthshire and constraints relating to funding eligibility and planning. There are also delays in the construction of new homes due to delays in implementing the RLDP.

The Renting Homes Act, which came into force from 1 December 2022, has made significant change the way all landlords in Wales rent their properties. There is a risk this could impact on the private rented sector in the County and reduce the availability of rental properties, further decreasing housing availability and increasing accommodation challenges in the County. The Council is anecdotally seeing evidence of landlords leaving the market.

Monmouthshire has welcomed more refugees from Ukraine, in absolute terms, than any area in Wales apart from Cardiff. Hosts have opened their homes and all these refugees will need alternative accommodation when these temporary arrangements come to an end. In addition, many of those who have come through the Welsh Government Super Sponsor Scheme have found jobs and placed children in local schools, but are now struggling to find suitable accommodation and are faced with unaffordable rent prices in the private sector. A shortage of move-on accommodation combined with uncertainty over long-term funding will challenge our ability to provide suitable long-term accommodation for fleeing the war in Ukraine.

The widening of asylum dispersal from 2022 will put further pressure on the housing market as the council plays its part in assisting the Home Office to move asylum seekers from hotels and other unsuitable accommodation in line with aspirations for Monmouthshire to become a county of sanctuary.

	Ri	sk Level (Pre-mitig	gation)			Ris	sk Level (Post-mitigation	on)			
Year	Likelihood	Impact	Risk Level	Risk Score	Year	Likelihood	Impact	Risk Level	Risk Score		
2024/25	Likely	Major	High	12	2024/25	Possible	Major	Medium	8		
2025/26	Likely	Major	High	12	2025/26	Possible	Major	Medium	8		
2026/27	2026/27 Likely Major		High	12	2026/27	Possible	Major	Medium	8		
				Mitigating A	Actions						
Mitigating Action			Responsibility Holder &	Mitigation action pr	Mitigation action progress						
			Timescale								
Prevent homelessness	through Rapid Rehousing		Head of Enterprise &	The Rapid Re-Housing Transition plan was adopted by Cabinet in April 2023. This sets out the Council's five-year plan to prevent							
			Community Animation	homelessness, increase accommodation and focus support, and includes active buy-in from wider agencies involving homelessness,							
				for example, the role of Health and Social Care is extremely important in homeless prevention and helping people (such as young							
			As per Homeless Transition	people and those with mental health issues) maintain their existing accommodation.							

Rapid rehousing is facilitating increased resource into homeless prevention, for example through additional staffing and the

availability of the Homeless Prevention Fund. The council is working with working with partner agencies such as the Department for Work and Pensions (DWP) and Shared Benefit Service to support more people at risk of homelessness, granting awards to households

Plan

long-term housing for all those accommodated in temporary housing and specialist provision for those with additional needs	Head of Enterprise & Community Animation As per Homeless Transition Plan Chief Officer Place	to help tackle arrears/debt and households experiencing homelessness to enable them to remain in their current accommodation or access alternatives. The Housing Support service has been remodelled to include dedicated substance misuse support, temporary accommodation support and re-settlement support. This also includes dedicated support for young people with higher need through the recent expansion of the Housing First scheme with Pobl and the introduction of MoYo – dedicated housing floating support for young people. These initiatives have contributed to the increase in the percentage of homeless applications who are successfully prevented from becoming homeless to 71%. We collaborate across council services to prevent care leavers from becoming homeless. We regularly hold a Corporate Parenting Panel with a range of teams from across the organisation that coordinate and provide support to care leavers. The RLDP was recently approved by Council for public consultation. Council will consider findings of this consultation in Summer 2025. The delivery of the RLDP will be key to increasing the availability of housing in the county; the plan has allocated 50% affordable housing on each site and is introducing enabling policies which will allow for further affordable housing developments to come forward. This includes facilitating more single person accommodation in the county which is currently extremely limited and is a factor contributing to homelessness We are increasing the availability of both temporary and settled homes for homeless households through a range of means including partnerships with private landlords through Monmouthshire Lettings and more homes through new build developments and acquisitions. We have worked with housing association partners to make additional general needs social housing available for homeless households; currently 55% of social housing is allocated to homeless households. We need to determine how much scope there is to allocate further social housing to homeless applicants w
including in relation to the provision of housing (market and	Ongoing	
identify a range of accommodation to accommodate Ukrainian refugees	Chief Officer People, Performance and Partnerships Ongoing	The authority has been successful helping those fleeing the war in Ukraine to find properties in the area. Hosting, under the Homes for Ukraine Scheme, has remained stable, with residents going above and beyond what was initially asked of them. We have exceeded the 'population share' of refugees identified by Welsh Government. Recognising the challenges faced by this community, we have established a specialised team comprising of two homeless prevention workers, two Community and Wellbeing Officers, complemented by dedicated translation and administration support. Our approach involves close collaboration with local landlords to cultivate strong local networks and access to properties (PRS), addressing concerns related to affordability and financial assessments.
Work with national providers and the Home Office to identify suitable accommodation for those fleeing persecution and ensure that appropriate support services, including trauma informed support, are available.	Chief Officer People, Performance and Partnerships Ongoing	The Home Office has made all local authorities Asylum Dispersal Areas. This has broadened the responsibility for accommodating asylum seekers in Wales which had previously been shouldered by a small number of authorities. The Home Office's chosen accommodation provider has struggled to find suitable and affordable properties in Monmouthshire, mirroring the challenges faced by the local population. Officers continue to meet with the Wales Strategic Migration Partnership and Home Office and indications are that some a small number properties may come forward in 2024-25. In September 2023 Council passed a motion committing the authority to formally becoming a county of sanctuary. An application was submitted to the UK-wide City of Sanctuary network in April; discussions with the body have identified further work is needed before the council has met the criteria for accredited membership. A multi-agency working group has been developed to drive forward this application, working closely with school leads to develop, as part of this, schools of sanctuary across the county.

Ref & Status	14	Risk Pote	ntial Risk that:							
		An ir	ncrease in the num	ber of legal challenges to dec	isions resulting in delays	and increased costs				
Risk Owner and cabinet		James Williams (C	hief Officer Strateg	ic objective & All	Ri	Risk category and appetite		y Terminate/t	reat/ Trea	Treat
Member responsible		Law and Governance) and Scrutiny Committee			level		Averse	transfer/tol	erate	
		Cllr Mary-Ann Bro	cklesby	All			Averse			
		(Leader)								
Reason why Ider										
		_	-	s. As plans are developed to a		Illenges faced by the Cour	ncil there is a risk that	those challenges incre	ease in frequency. The	ese legal challenges
expose the Coun	cil to legal	·		increased time and cost to ac	ddress.					
Risk Level (Pre-mitigation)					Risk Level (Post-mitigation)					
Year		Likelihood	Impact	Risk Level	Risk Score	Year	Likelihood	Impact	Risk Level	Risk Score
2024/25		Likely	Substantial	Medium	9	2024/25	Possible	Substantial	Medium	6
2025/26		Likely	Substantial	Medium	9	2025/26	Possible	Substantial	Medium	6
2026/27		Likely	Substantial	Medium	9	2026/27	Possible	Substantial	Medium	6
Mitigating Actions										
Mitigating Action Responsibility Holder & Timescale				Mitigation action p	Mitigation action progress					
				Chief Officer People, An established Inte		egrated Impact Assessment template and guidance is in place and is completed for all decisions that require an				
				Performance & Partnerships	assessment. These	sessment. These assessments are challenged by a panel of policy officers prior to decision. There is a need to ensure impacts are				
				assessed at the start and throughout the development of changes and policy to ensure any appropriate mitigation can be			ation can be			
				Ongoing	undertaken.					

Appendix 2: Strategic Risk Management Policy – Summary

This sets out the Council's policy and approach to strategic risk management. A copy of the full policy and guidance is available to staff and members on the council's intranet the Hub (Finance & Performance Management section – risk assessment)

Risk Management is the process of identifying risks, evaluating their potential consequences and determining the most effective methods of controlling them or responding to them. Strategic risks are those which affect the Council as a whole. Typically these will be key risks which could significantly jeopardise the Council's ability to achieve its objectives, statutory plans and/or provide operational services as planned.

The Council is committed to the effective management of risk. As a large public sector organisation, it is exposed to a wide range of risks and threats in delivering key services to communities. Within the Council the purpose of risk management is to:

- preserve and protect the Council's assets, reputation and staff
- promote corporate governance and aid good management in controlling and managing risks
- support successful delivery of strategic aims, objectives and outcomes
- improve business performance and better anticipate calculated risks where these are likely in delivering improvements
- avoid unnecessary liabilities, costs and failures

The Council seeks to ensure that risk management is effective from strategic to individual services and employees. Therefore, all employees and councillors are responsible for ensuring there are good levels of internal control and risk management throughout the Council in order that the Council's specified outcomes are achieved.

The Council uses a 'traffic light' system of Red/Amber/Green associated with High/Medium/Low to categorise risk levels. This is determined using the risk matrix below.

High risk	The risk is highly likely to occur and the impact will be major. Management action/control evaluation and improvement is required coupled with continued pro-active monitoring
Medium risk	The risk is unlikely to result in a major issue, however, if it did the impact would be significant or serious . This risk is relatively less significant than a High risk however it needs to be closely monitored within timely management action/controls to ensure it does not escalate.
Low risk	The risk is very unlikely to occur and the impact will be minor or moderate at worst. Risk will be managed by seeking control improvements where practical and / or monitoring and reviewing at regular intervals

Risks are also given a score.
Scores of 1-4 are low risks, scores of 6-9 are medium risks and scores 12-16 are high risk.
Providing a score as well as a risk level allows the variations within risk levels to be more clearly stated.

Major (4)	Low (4)	Medium (8)	High (12)	High (16)	
Substantial (3)	Low (3)	Medium (6)	Medium (9)	High (12)	
Moderate (2)	Low (2)	Low (4)	Medium (6)	Medium (8)	
Minor (1)	Low (1)	Low (2)	Low (3)	Low (4)	
	Unlikely (1)	Possible (2)	Likely (3)	Almost certain (4)	